

## Prayas JEE 2026

Chemistry  
Redox Reaction

DPP: 2

- Q1** An oxide of metal have **20%** oxygen, the equivalent weight of oxide is  
(A) 32 (B) 48  
(C) 40 (D) 52
- Q2** The equivalent weight of **NaHC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>** in reaction with **NaOH** is  
(A) **112** (B) **56**  
(C) **224** (D) **84**
- Q3** **H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>** disproportionates into **H<sub>2</sub>O** and **O<sub>2</sub>**. The equivalent weight of **H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>** in this reaction is  
(A) **34** (B) **17**  
(C) **68** (D) **8.5**
- Q4** The number of moles of **Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>2-</sup>** needed to oxidize 0.136 equivalent of **N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub><sup>+</sup>** through the reaction  
**N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub><sup>+</sup> + Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>2-</sup> → N<sub>2</sub> + Cr<sup>3+</sup> + H<sub>2</sub>O** is  
(A) 0.023 (B) 0.091  
(C) 0.136 (D) 0.816
- Q5** **KMnO<sub>4</sub>** oxidises oxalic acid in acidic medium. The number of **CO<sub>2</sub>** molecule produced as per the balanced equation is  
(A) 10 (B) 8  
(C) 6 (D) 3
- Q6** When **N<sub>2</sub>** is converted into **NH<sub>3</sub>**, the **n** factor of nitrogen will be  
(A) 1 (B) 2  
(C) 3 (D) 6
- Q7** If molecular weight of **KMnO<sub>4</sub>** is '**M**', then its equivalent weight in acidic medium would be  
(A) **M**  
(B) **M/2**  
(C) **M/5**  
(D) **M/4**
- Q8** In the conversion **NH<sub>2</sub>OH → N<sub>2</sub>O**, the equivalent weight of **NH<sub>2</sub>OH** will be  
(A) **M/4**  
(B) **M/2**  
(C) **M/5**  
(D) **M/1**


[Android App](#)
[iOS App](#)
[PW Website](#)

# Answer Key

Q1 C

Q2 A

Q3 A

Q4 A

Q5 A

Q6 D

Q7 C

Q8 B



[Android App](#)

| [iOS App](#)

| [PW Website](#)

