

PRAYAS

JEE 2025



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Lecture - 09

Physics

Laws Of Motion

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Topics *to be covered*

1

Constraint motion (string)

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2

3

4



$$T - 90 = 9a$$

Q

$$T - 180 = 18 \left(\frac{g}{6} - a \right)$$

$$9a + 90 - 180 = 30 - 18a$$

$$-90 - 30 = -27a$$

$$a = \frac{120}{27} = \frac{40}{9}$$



a_{cc} वंदर wrt rope = $g/6$

$a_{bandar / rope} = \frac{g}{6}$ ऊपर

$a_{bandar} - (-a) = g/6$

$a_{bandar} = \frac{g}{6} - a$

$$T = 90 + 9 \times \frac{40}{9} = 90 + 40 = 130$$

Fig. 1.15, if its mass is η times as great as the mass of bar 1 and the angle that the inclined plane forms with the horizontal is equal to α . The masses of the pulleys and the threads, as well as the friction, are assumed to be negligible. Look into possible cases.

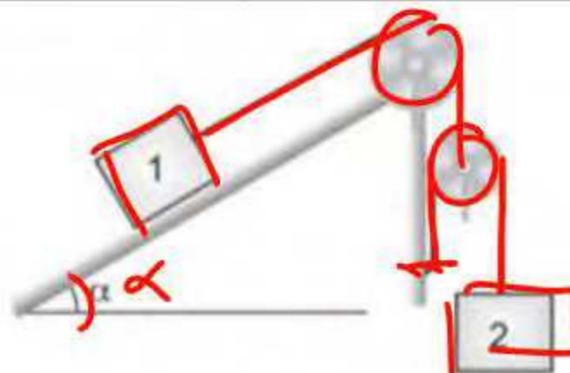


Fig. 1.15

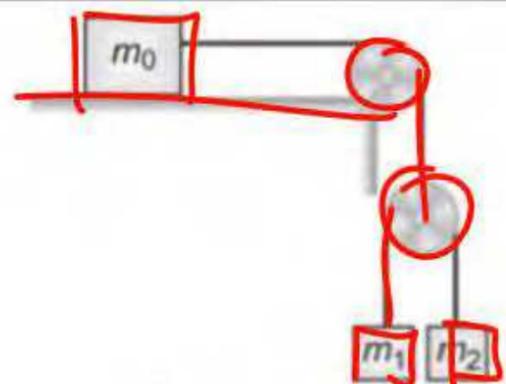


Fig. 1.16

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Ans : 72. $w = 2g (2\eta - \sin \alpha)/(4\eta + 1)$.

68. At the moment $t = 0$ the force $F = at$ is applied to a small body of mass m resting on a smooth horizontal plane (a is a constant). The permanent direction of this forms an angle α with the horizontal (Fig. 1.14). Find :

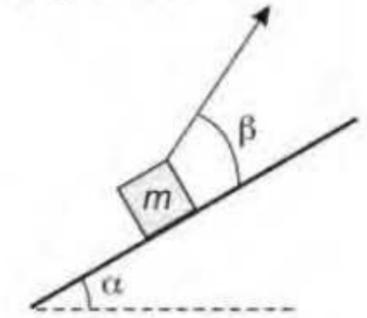


Fig. 1.13

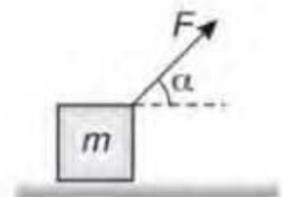


Fig. 1.14

- (a) the velocity of the body at the moment of its breaking off the plane;
- (b) the distance traversed by the body up to this moment.



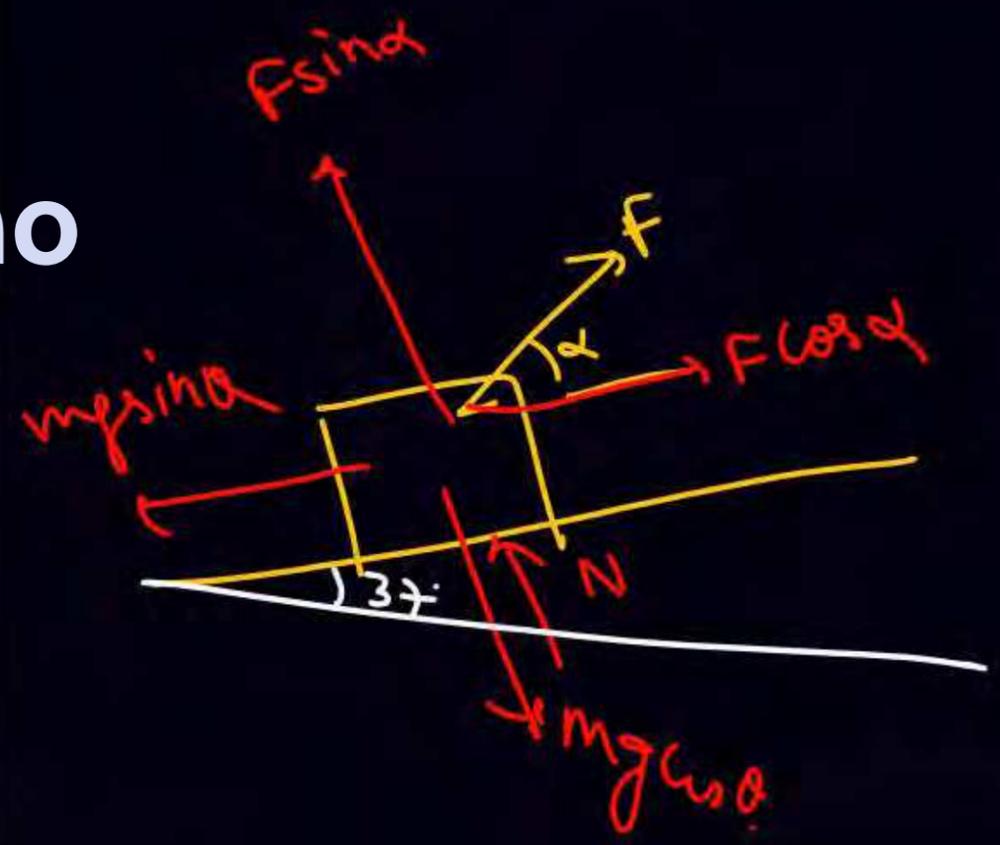
$$F = at$$

$$F \sin \alpha = mg \cos \theta$$

$$a = \frac{F \cos \alpha - mg \sin \theta}{m}$$

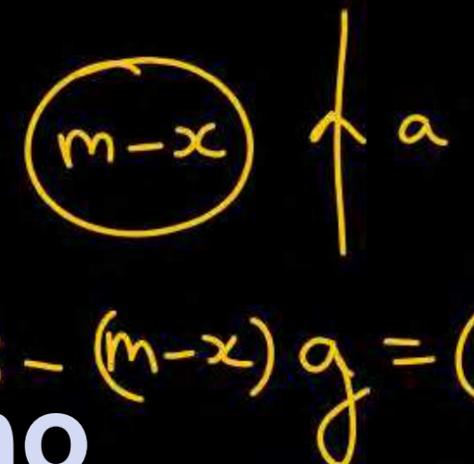
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Ans : 68. (a) $v = \frac{mg^2 \cos \alpha}{2a \sin^2 \alpha}$; (b) $s = \frac{m^2 g^3 \cos \alpha}{6a^2 \sin^3 \alpha}$.



59. An aerostat of mass m starts coming down with a constant acceleration w . Determine the ballest mass to be dumped for the aerostat to reach the upward acceleration of the same magnitude. The air drag is to be neglected.

$$mg - B = ma$$



$$B - (m-x)g = (m-x)a$$

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Ans : 59. $\Delta m = 2mw / (g + w)$.



$$\sum \vec{T} \cdot \vec{x} = 0$$

$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{x}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{x}_2 + \vec{T}_3 \cdot \vec{x}_3 + \dots = 0$$

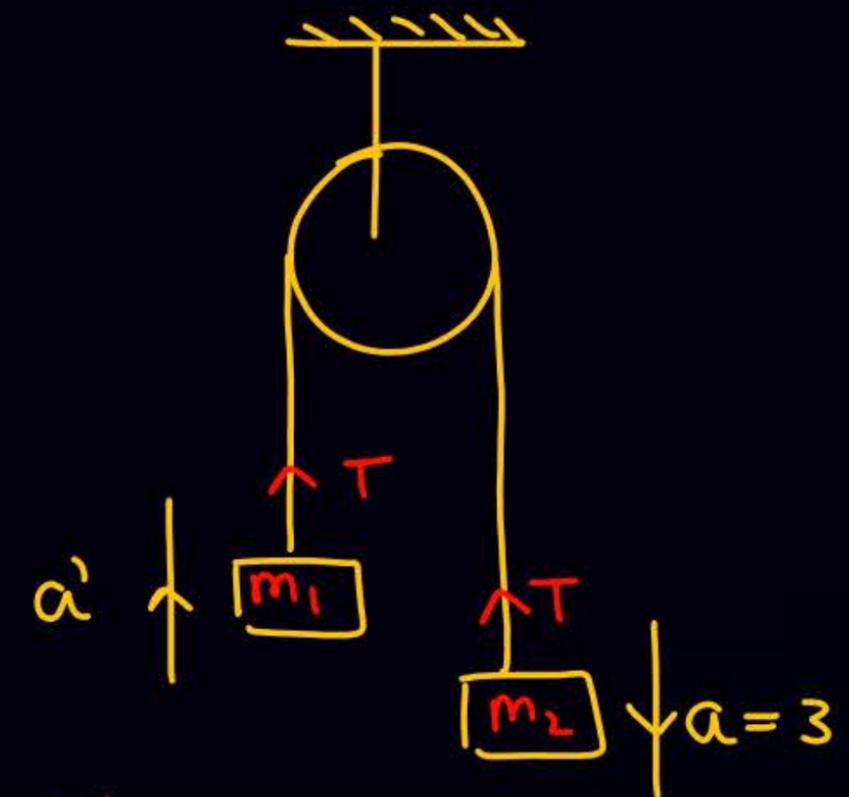
$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{u}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{u}_2 + \vec{T}_3 \cdot \vec{u}_3 + \dots = 0 \quad (*)$$

$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 + \vec{T}_3 \cdot \vec{a}_3 + \dots = 0 \quad (*)$$

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①

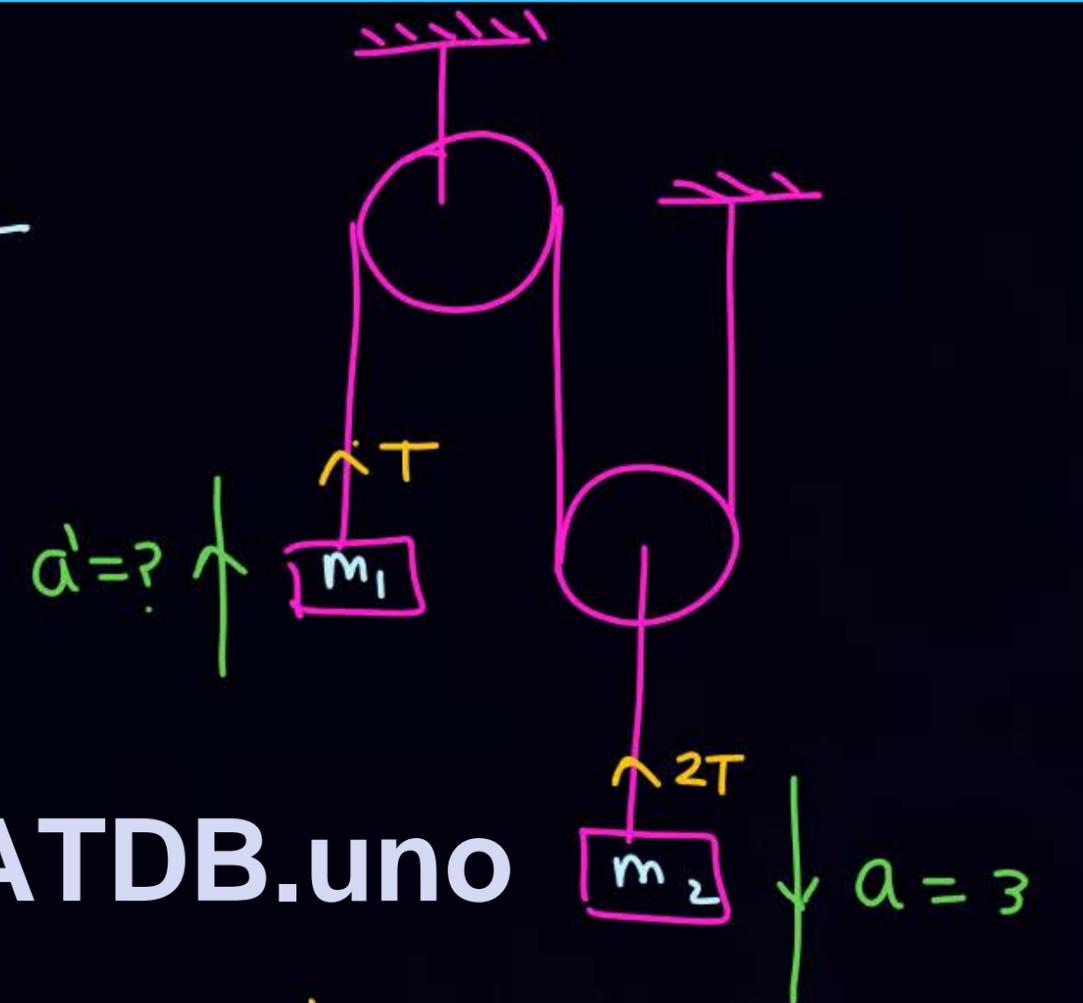


$$\vec{T}_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T}_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 = 0$$

$$T \cdot a' + T \times 3 \cos 180 = 0$$

$$a' = 3$$

Q



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$$+T \cdot a' - 2T \times 3 = 0$$

$$a' = 6$$

If $m_2 = 10 \text{ kg}$
find m_1

$$m_2 g - 2T = m_2 a$$

$$100 - 2T = 10 \times 3$$

$$T = 35$$

$$T - m_1 g = m_1 a'$$

$$35 - m_1 \times 10 = m_1 \times 6$$

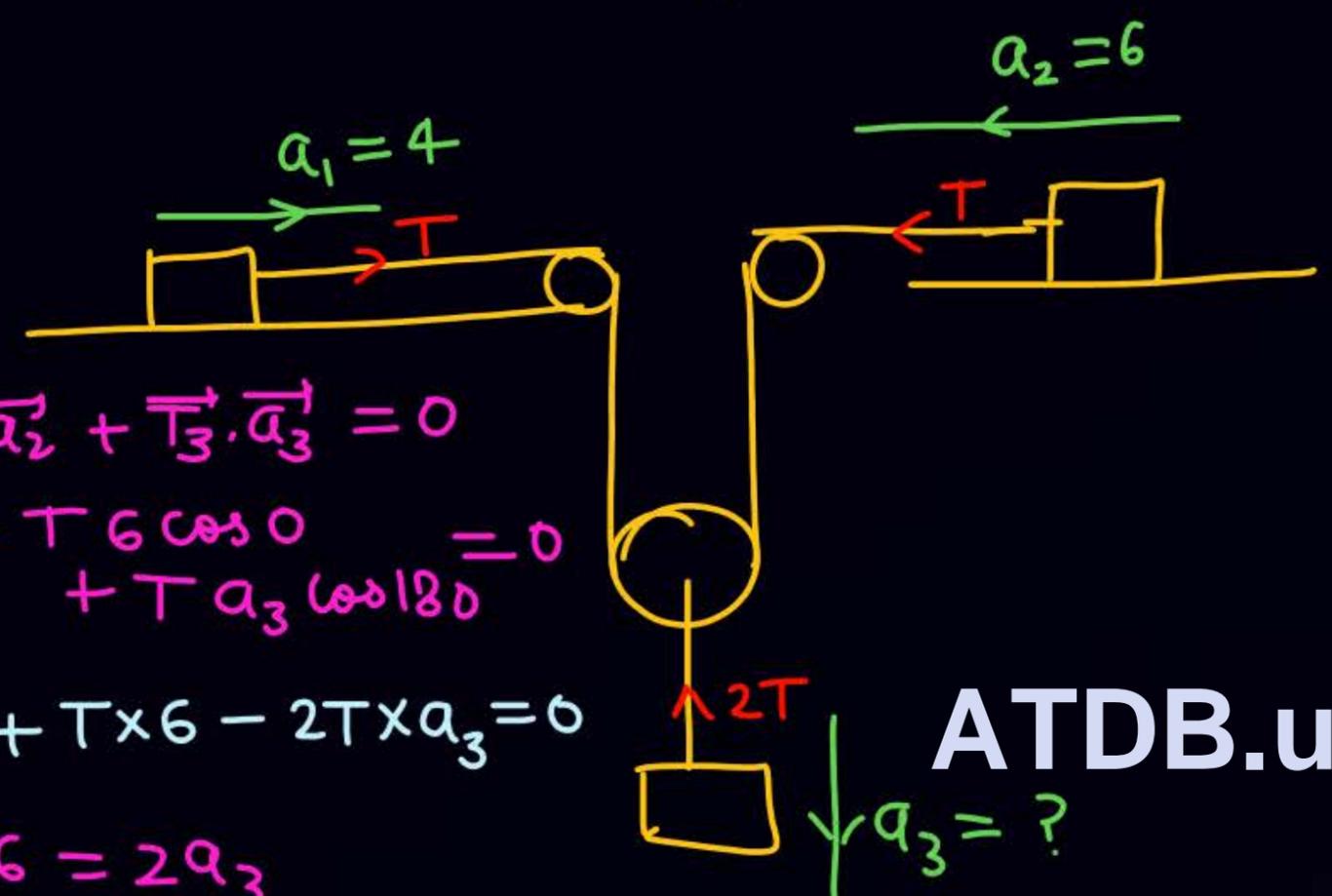
$$m_1 = \frac{35}{16}$$

find acc in following ques



Q

2



$$\vec{T} \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T} \cdot \vec{a}_2 + \vec{T}_3 \cdot \vec{a}_3 = 0$$

$$T \cdot 4 \cos 0 + T \cdot 6 \cos 0 + T \cdot a_3 \cos 180 = 0$$

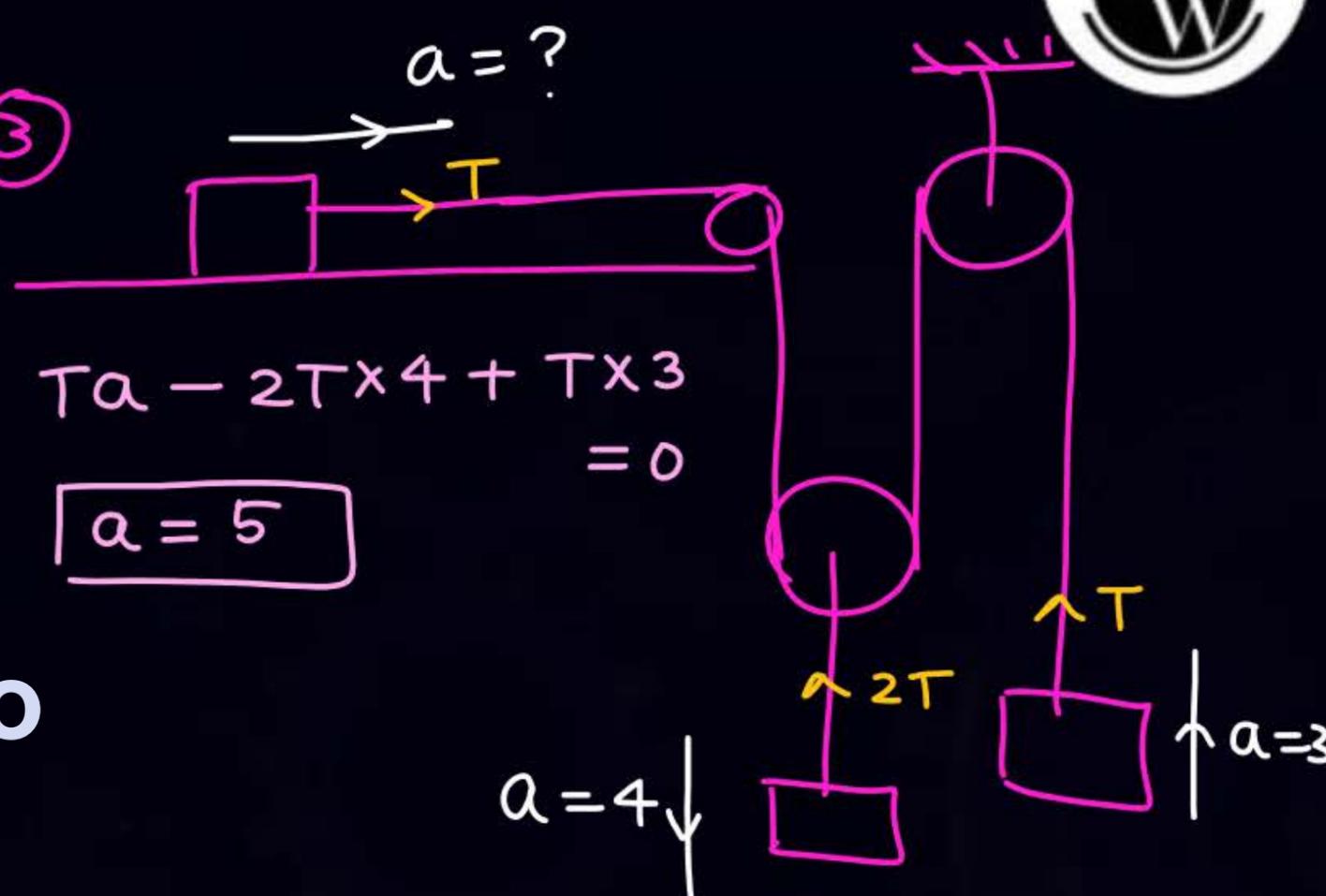
$$+T \times 4 + T \times 6 - 2T \times a_3 = 0$$

$$4 + 6 = 2a_3$$

$$a_3 = 5$$

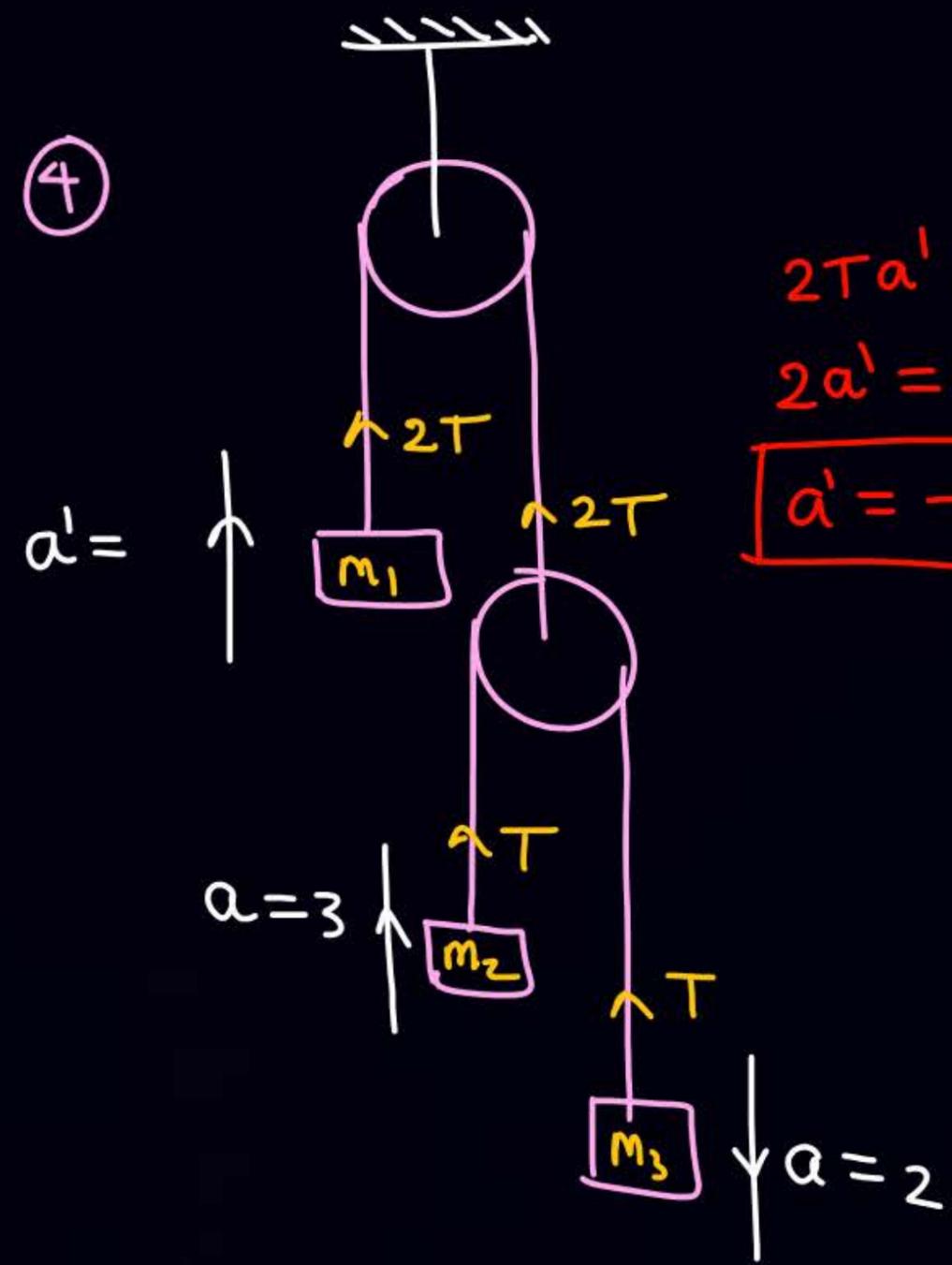
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3



$$Ta - 2T \times 4 + T \times 3 = 0$$

$$a = 5$$



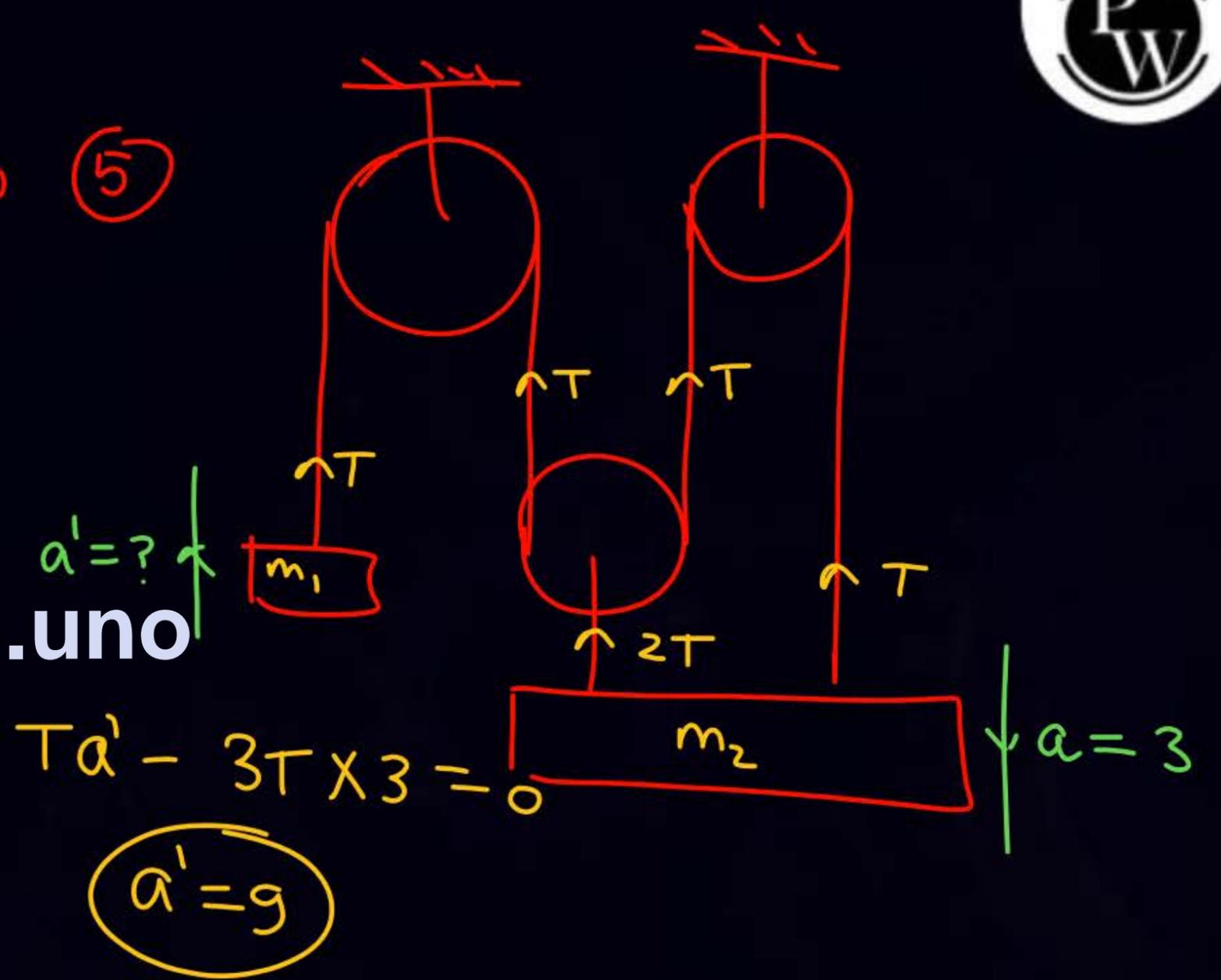
⑤

$$2Ta' + T \times 3 - T \times 2 = 0$$

$$2a' = -1$$

$$a' = -\frac{1}{2}$$

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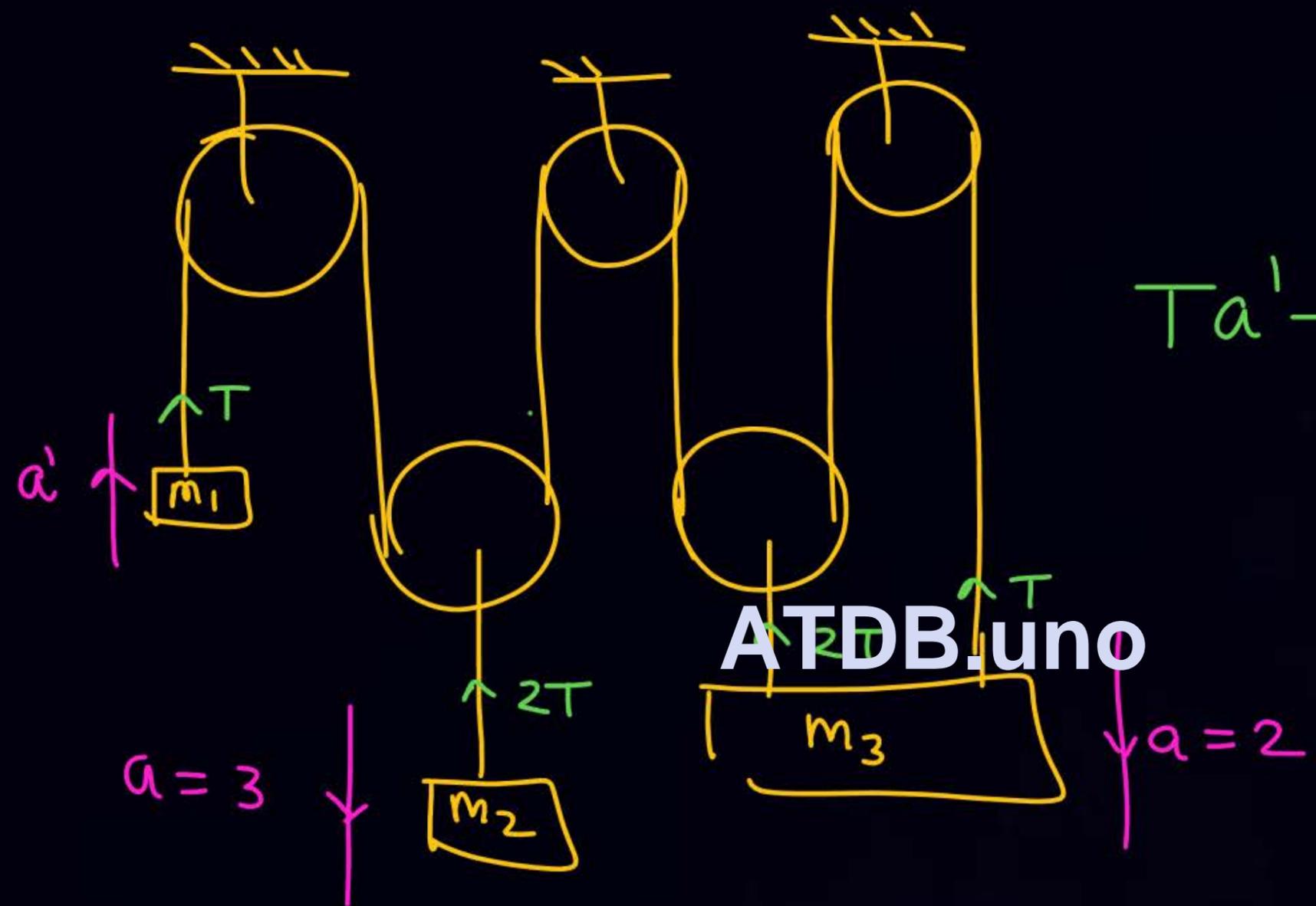


$$Ta' - 3T \times 3 = 0$$

$$a' = 9$$



6



$$T a' - 2T \times 3 - 3T \times 2 = 0$$

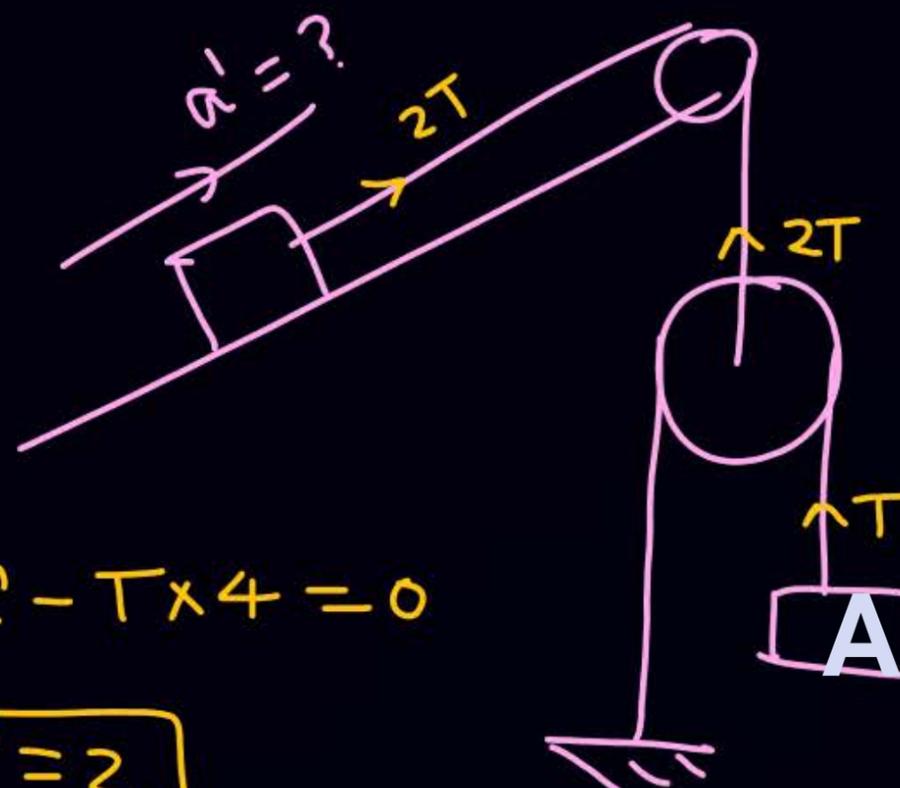
$$a' = 12$$

Q If $m_1 = 10 \text{ kg}$
find m_2 & m_3

$$T - 100 = 10 \times a' \quad T = 220$$



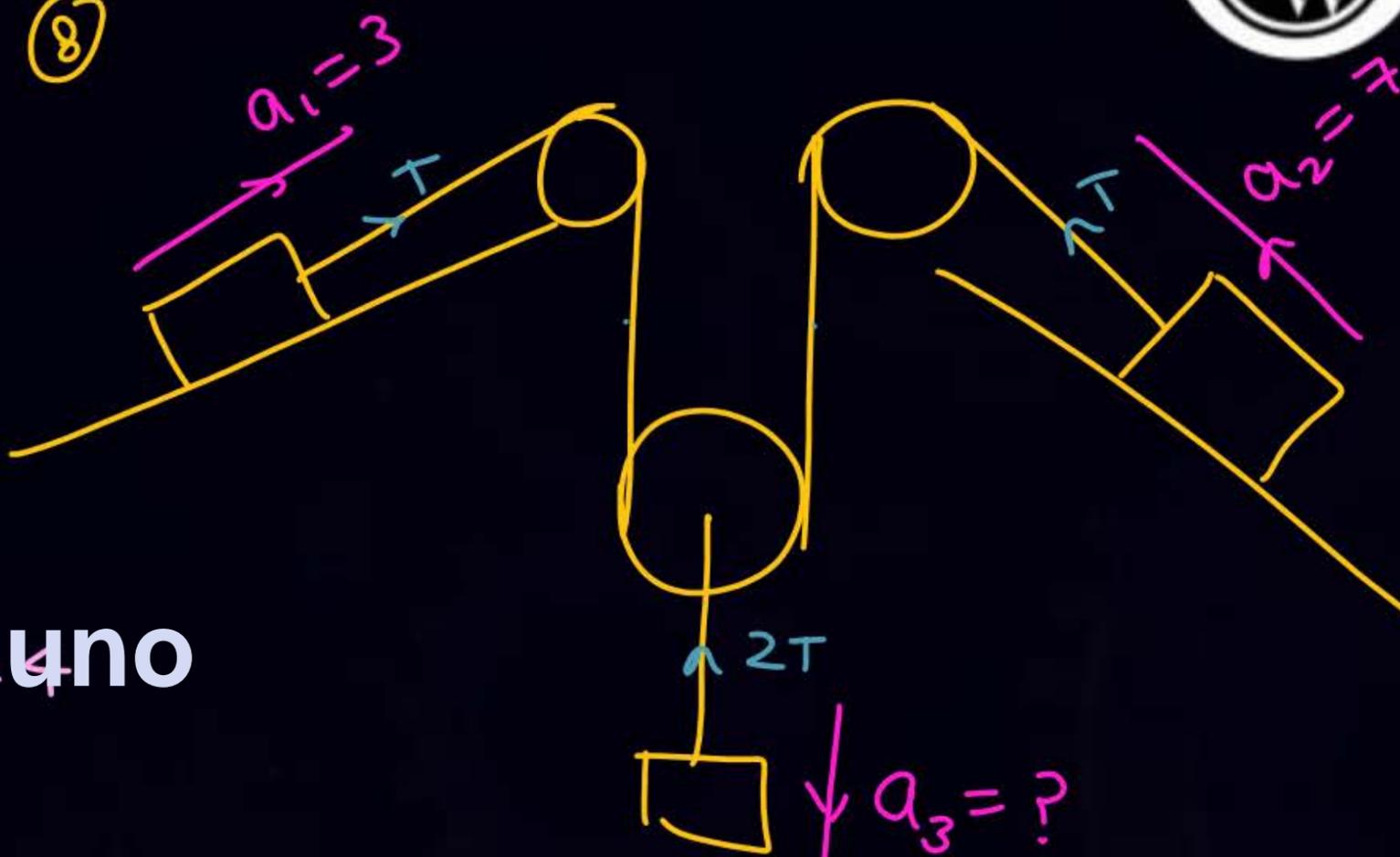
7



$$+2Ta' - T \times 4 = 0$$

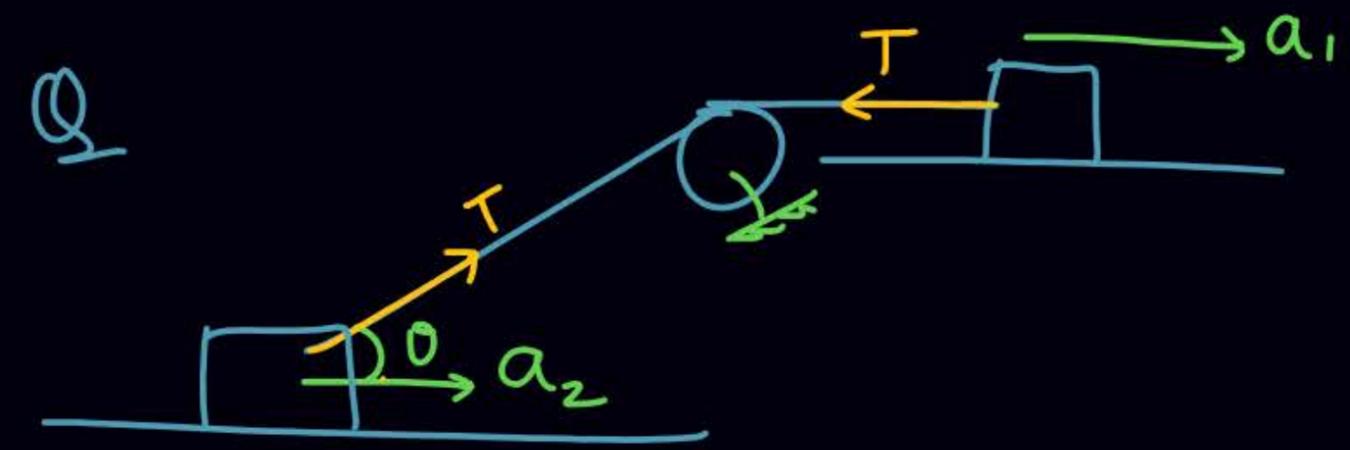
$$a' = 2$$

8



$$T \times 3 - 2Ta_3 + T \times 7 = 0$$

$$a_3 = 5$$



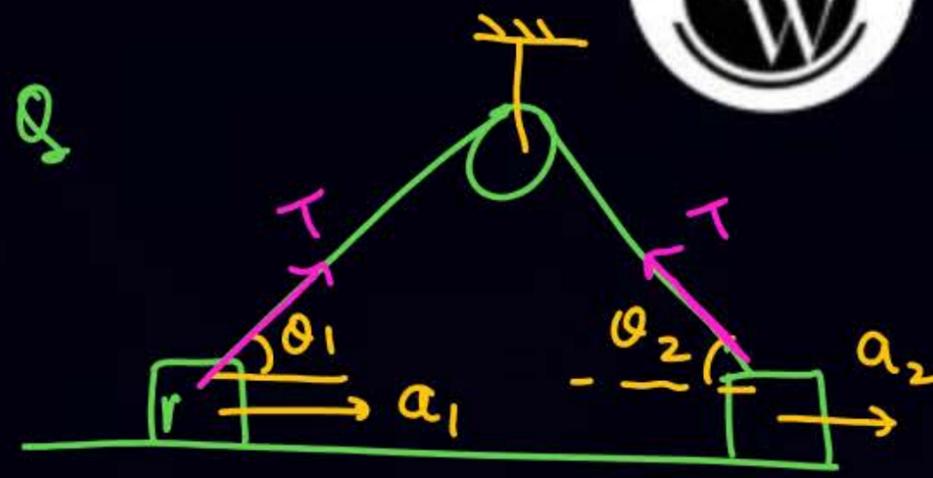
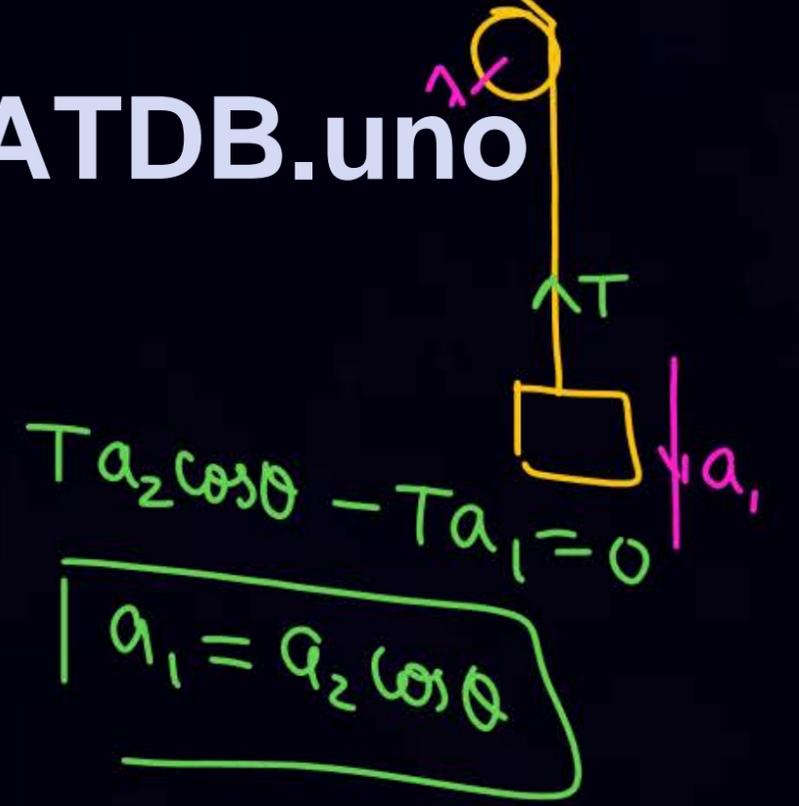
$$\vec{T} \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \vec{T} \cdot \vec{a}_2 = 0$$

$$-Ta_1 + Ta_2 \cos \theta = 0$$

$$a_1 = a_2 \cos \theta$$



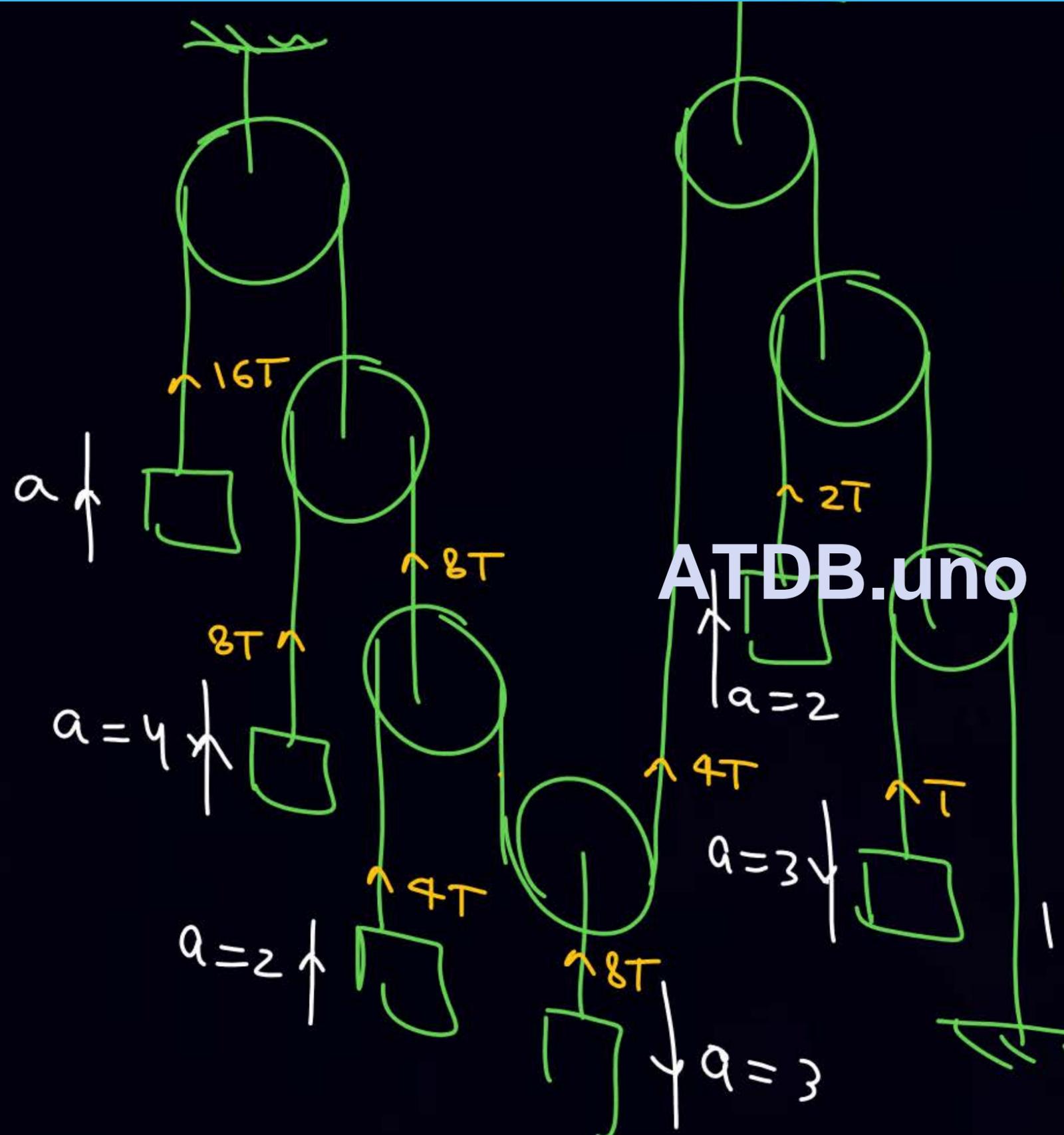
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$$Ta_1 \cos \theta_1 + Ta_2 \cos(180 - \theta_2) = 0$$

$$a_1 \cos \theta_1 = a_2 \cos \theta_2$$

$$v_1 \cos \theta_1 = v_2 \cos \theta_2$$



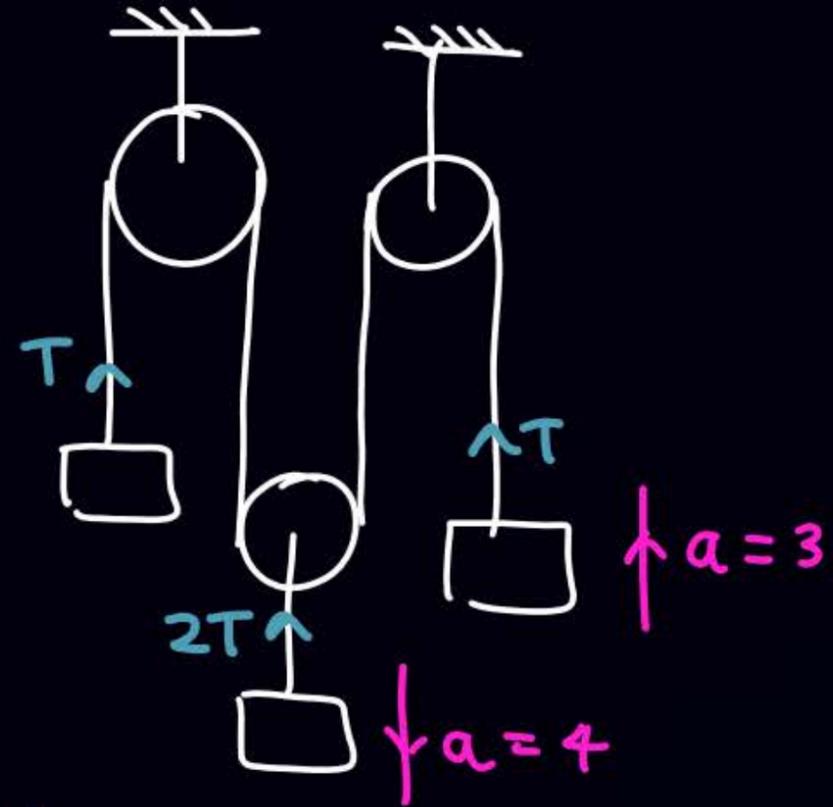
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$$16a + 32 + \underline{8} - 24 + \underline{4} - 3 = 0$$

$$16a + 17 = 0$$

$$a = -\frac{17}{16}$$

13

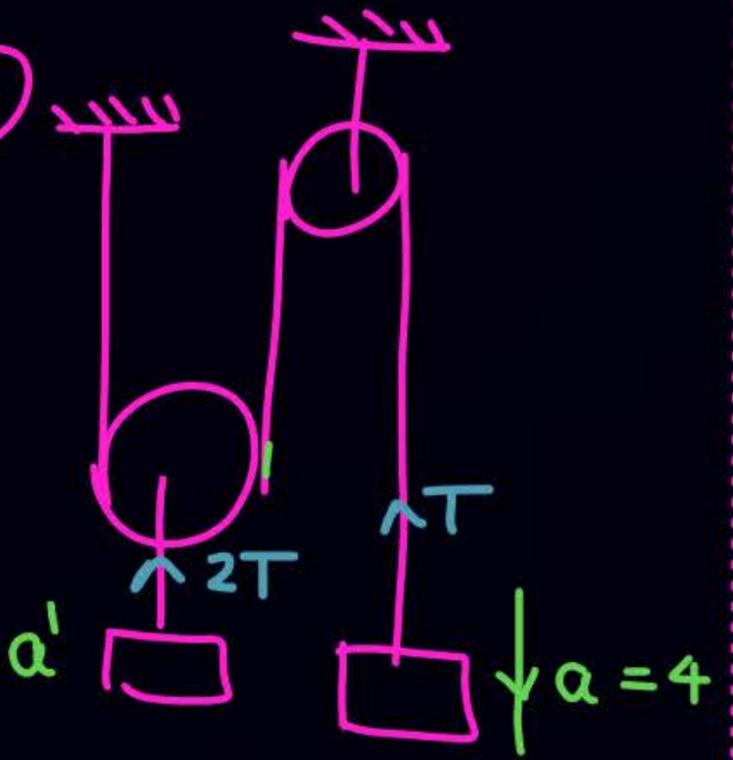


$a' = ?$

$$Ta' - 2T \times 4 + T \times 3 = 0$$

$a' = 5$

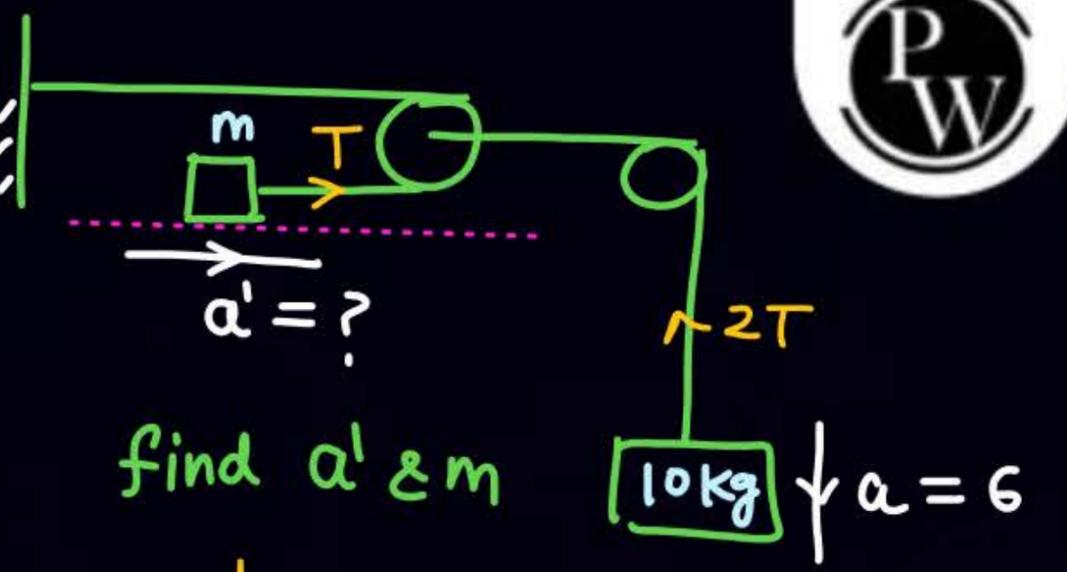
14



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$a' = 2$

15



find a' & m

$$Ta' - 2T \times 6 = 0$$

$a' = 12$

10kg $\Rightarrow 100 - 2T = 10 \times 6$
 $T = 20$

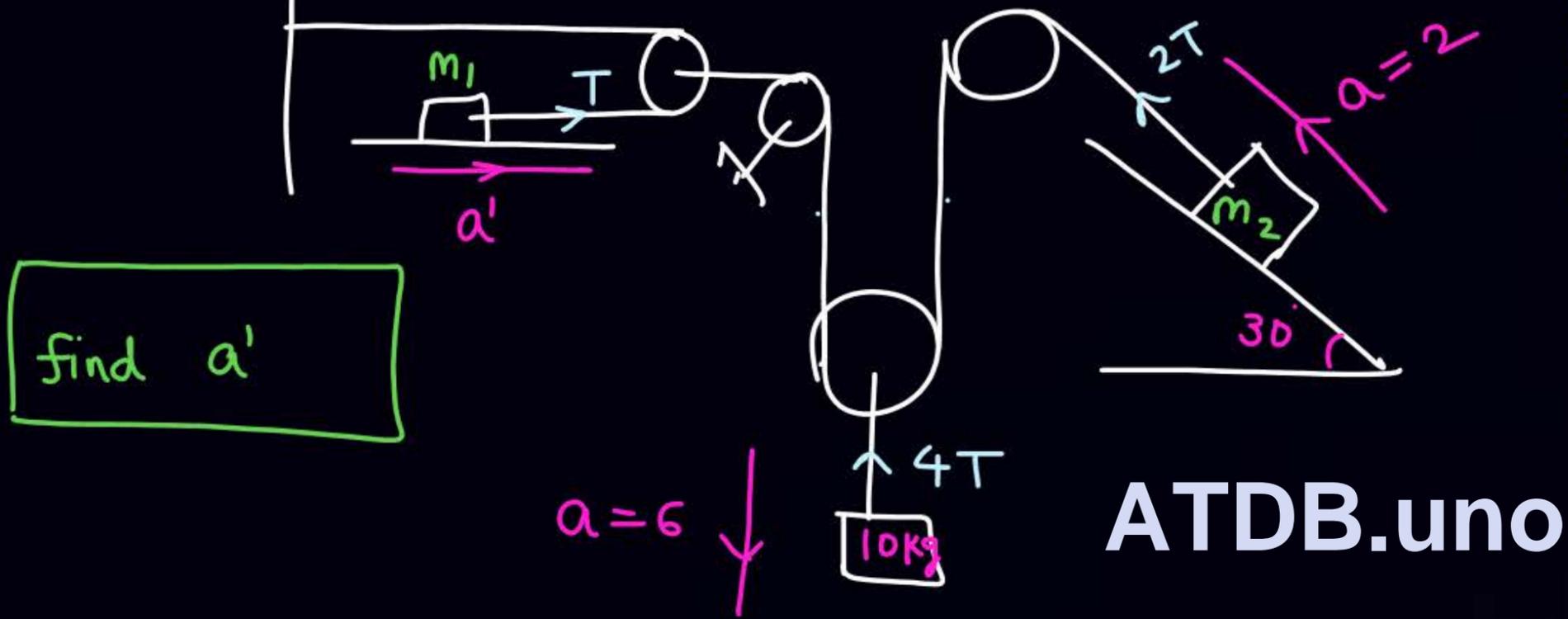
m $\Rightarrow T = ma'$
 $20 = m \times 12$

$m = \frac{20}{12}$





16



find a'

$$a' - 24 + 4 = 0$$

$$a' = 20$$

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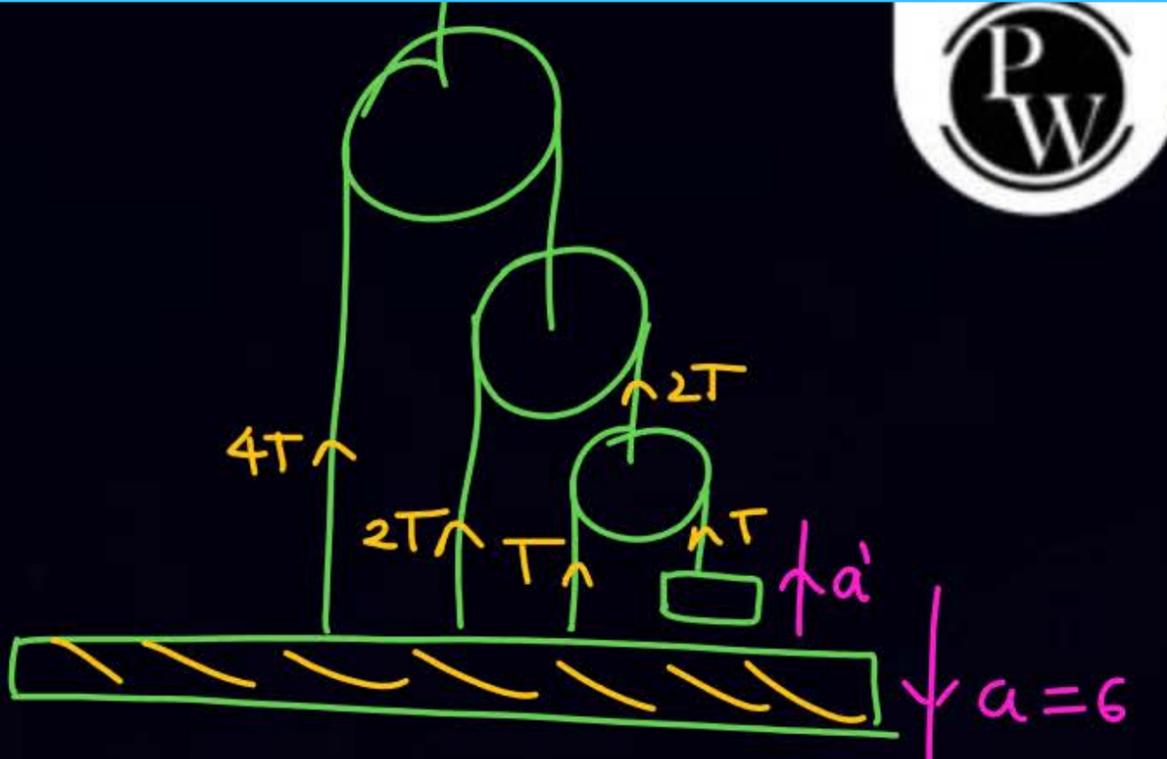
$$100 - 4T = 10 \times 6$$

$$T = 10$$

$$T = m_1 a'$$

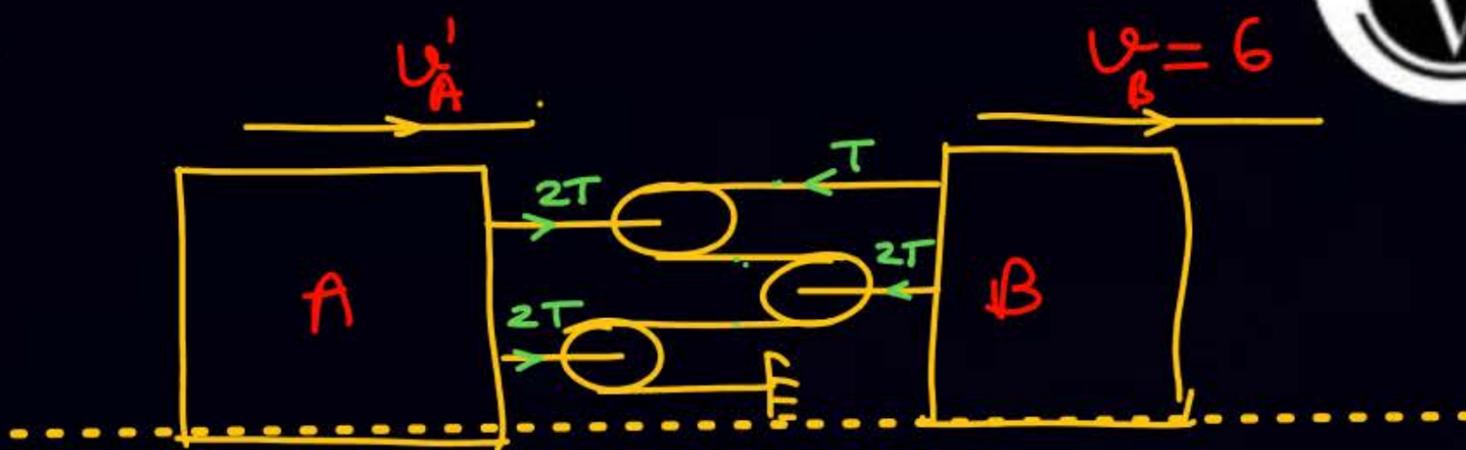
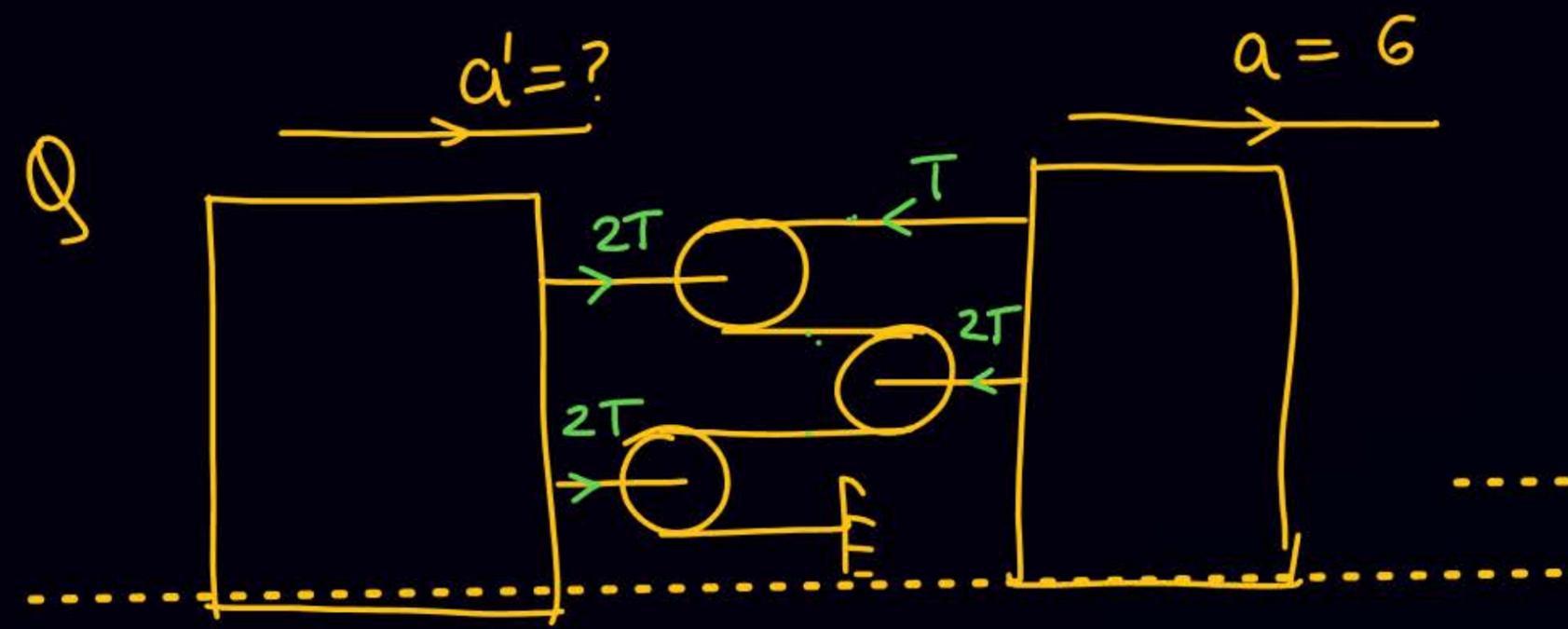
$$2T - m_2 g \sin 30^\circ = m_2 a$$

2



$$-7T \times 6 + T a' = 0$$

$$a' = 42$$



$$+ 4Ta' - 3T \times 6 = 0$$

$$a' = \frac{18}{4}$$

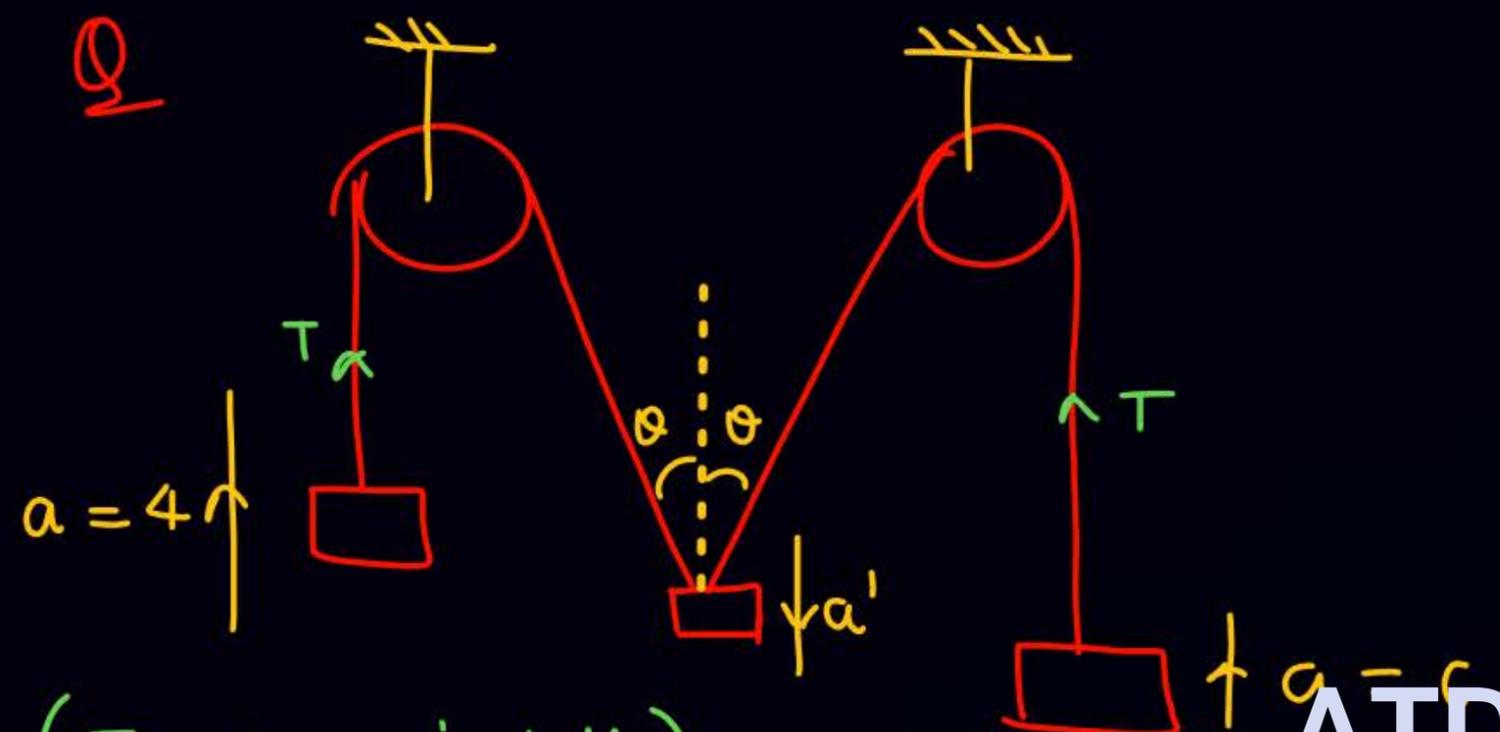
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SKC
u, a, x

$$+ 4T u'_A - 3T u_B = 0$$

$$4 \times u'_A - 3 \times 6 = 0$$

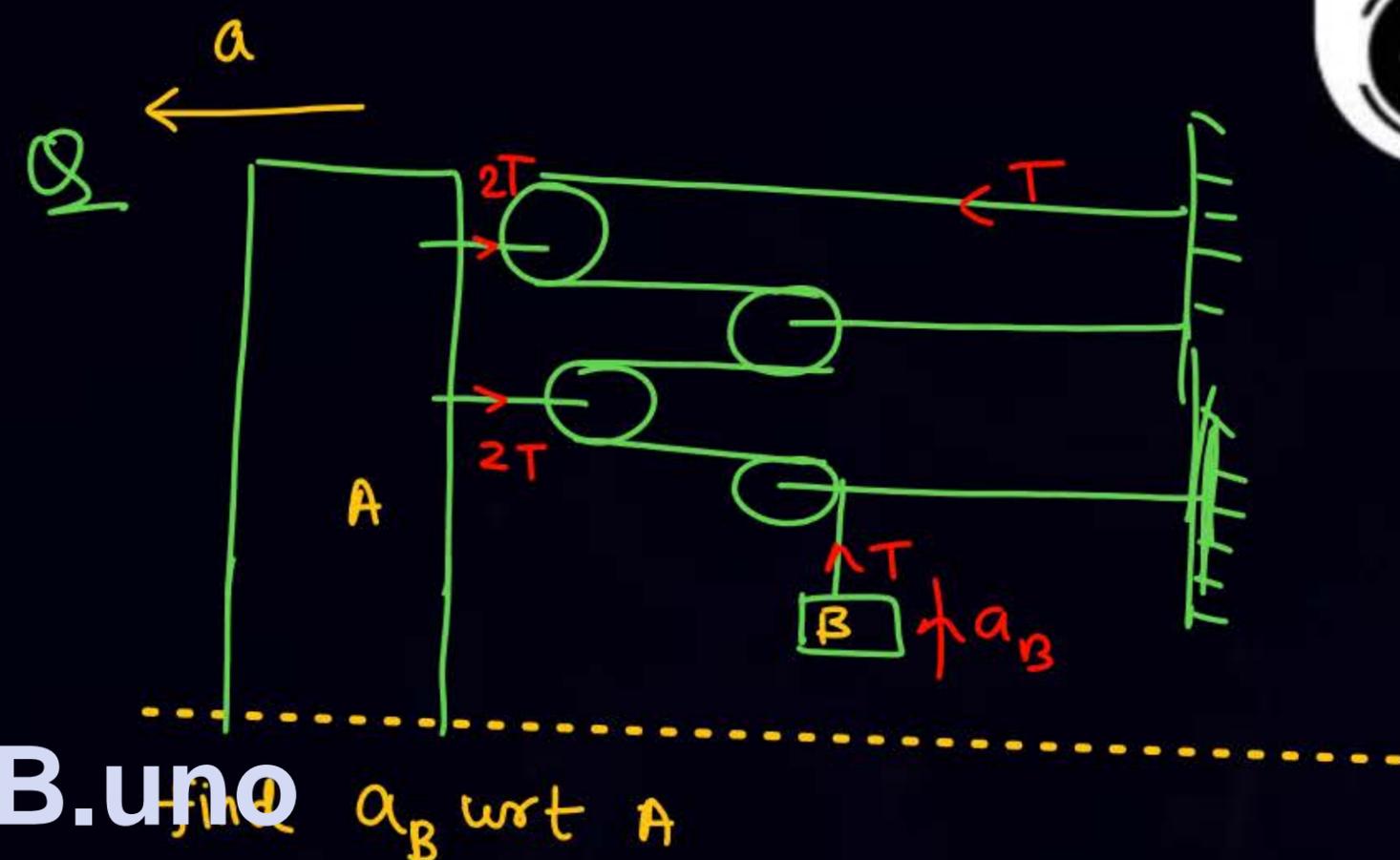
$$u'_A = \frac{18}{4}$$



(T → same in both string given)

$$T \times 4 - 2T \cos \theta \times a' + T \times 6 = 0$$

$$a' = \frac{5}{\cos \theta}$$



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find a_B wrt A

$$-4Ta + Ta_B = 0 \quad \boxed{a_B = 4a}$$

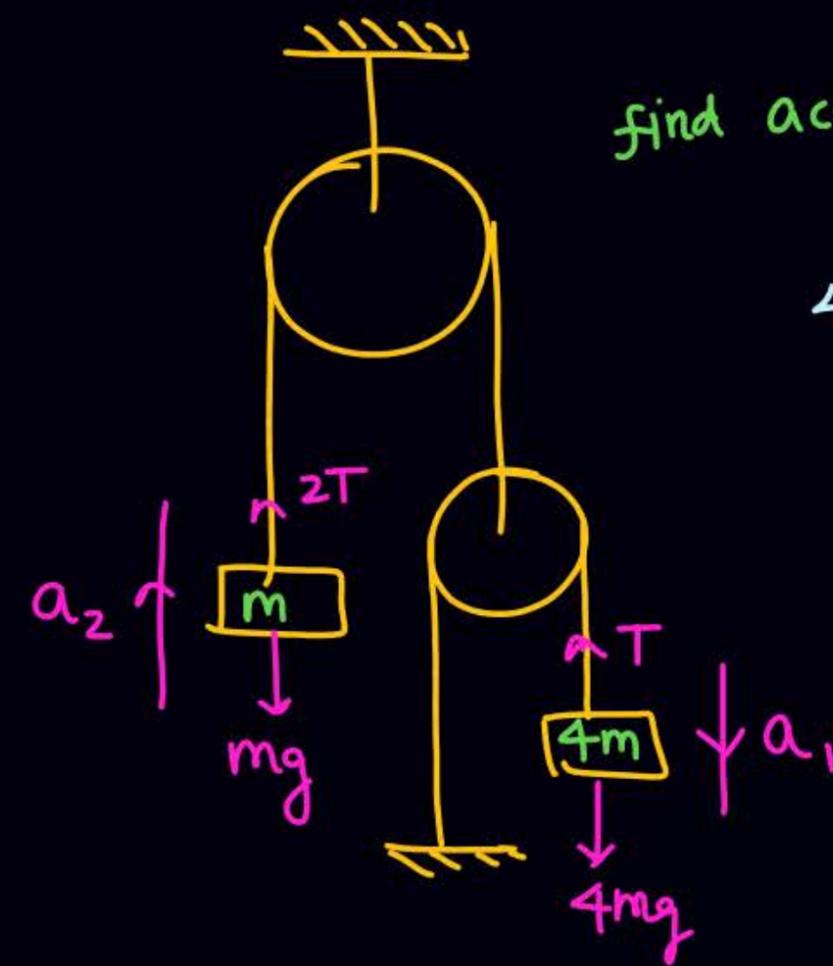
$$\vec{a}_{B/A} = \vec{a}_B - \vec{a}_A$$

$$\vec{a}_{B/A} = 4a\hat{j} - (-a\hat{i}) = a\hat{i} + 4a\hat{j}$$

$$a_{B/A} = \sqrt{a^2 + (4a)^2} = a\sqrt{17}$$



Q



find acc of each mass.

$$4mg - T = 4ma_1$$

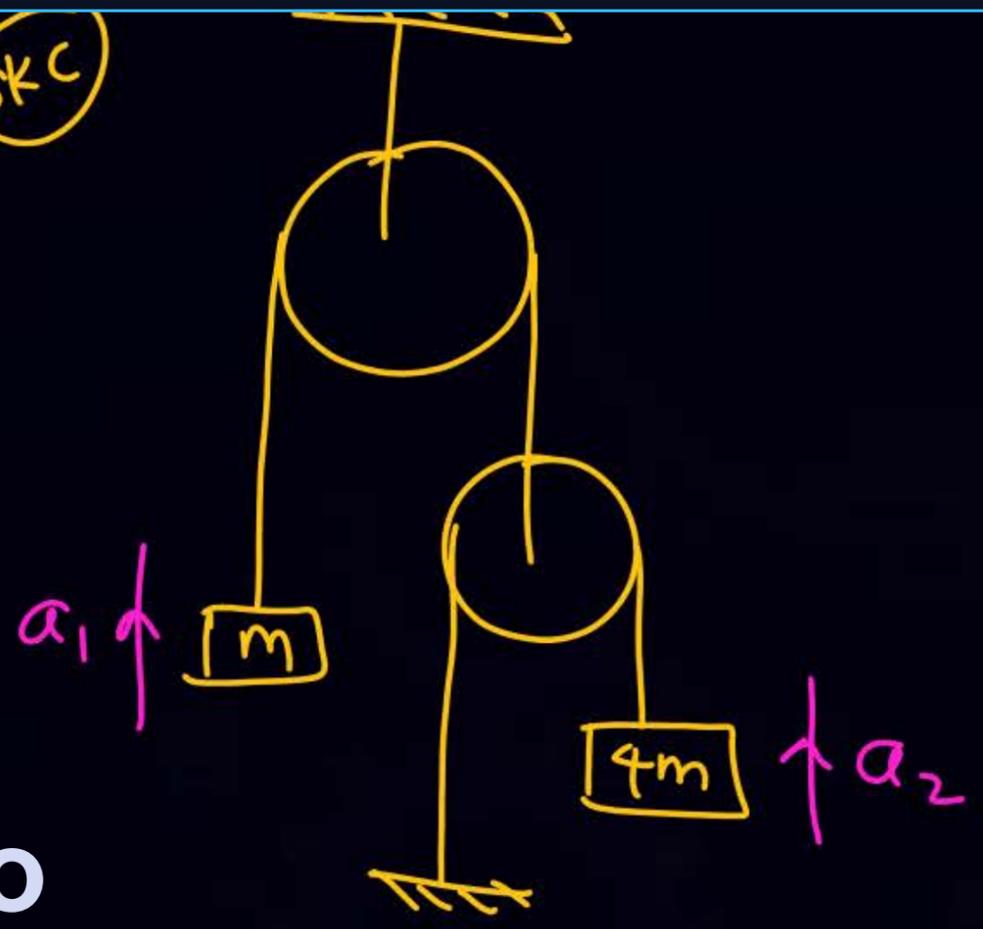
$$2T - mg = ma_2$$

$$a_1 = 2a_2$$

solve & get

$$+2Ta_2 - Ta_1 = 0$$

(SKC)



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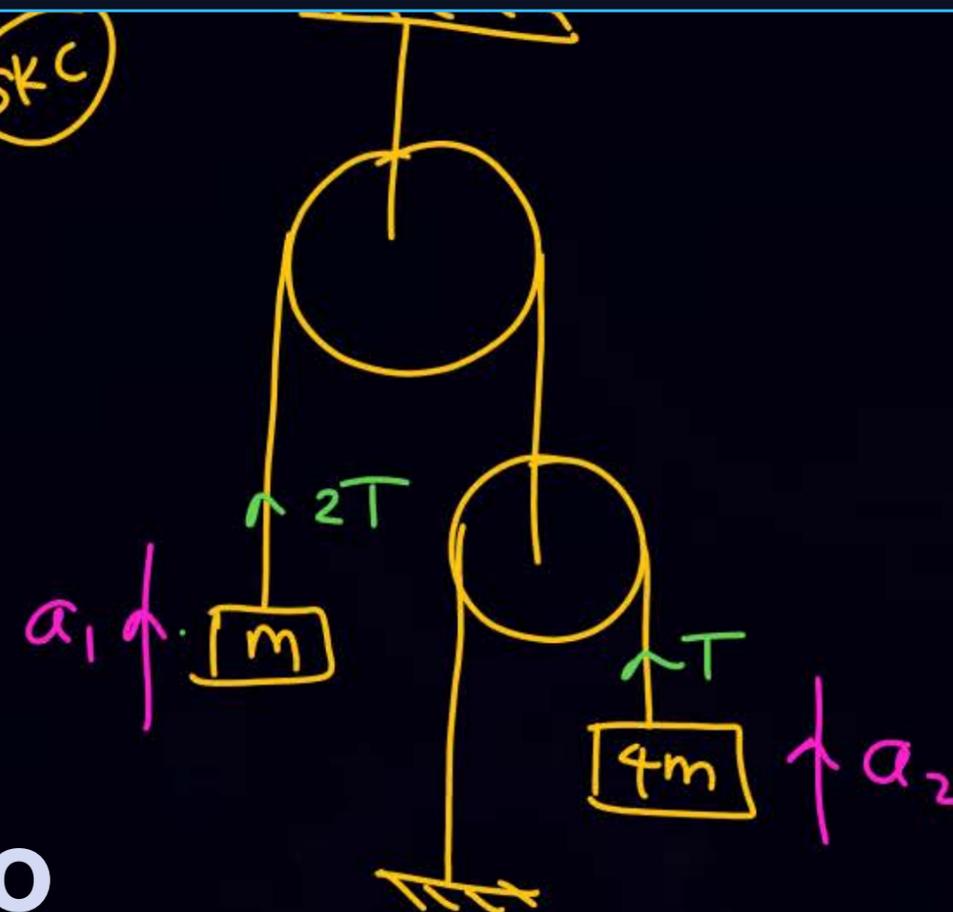
=

SKC

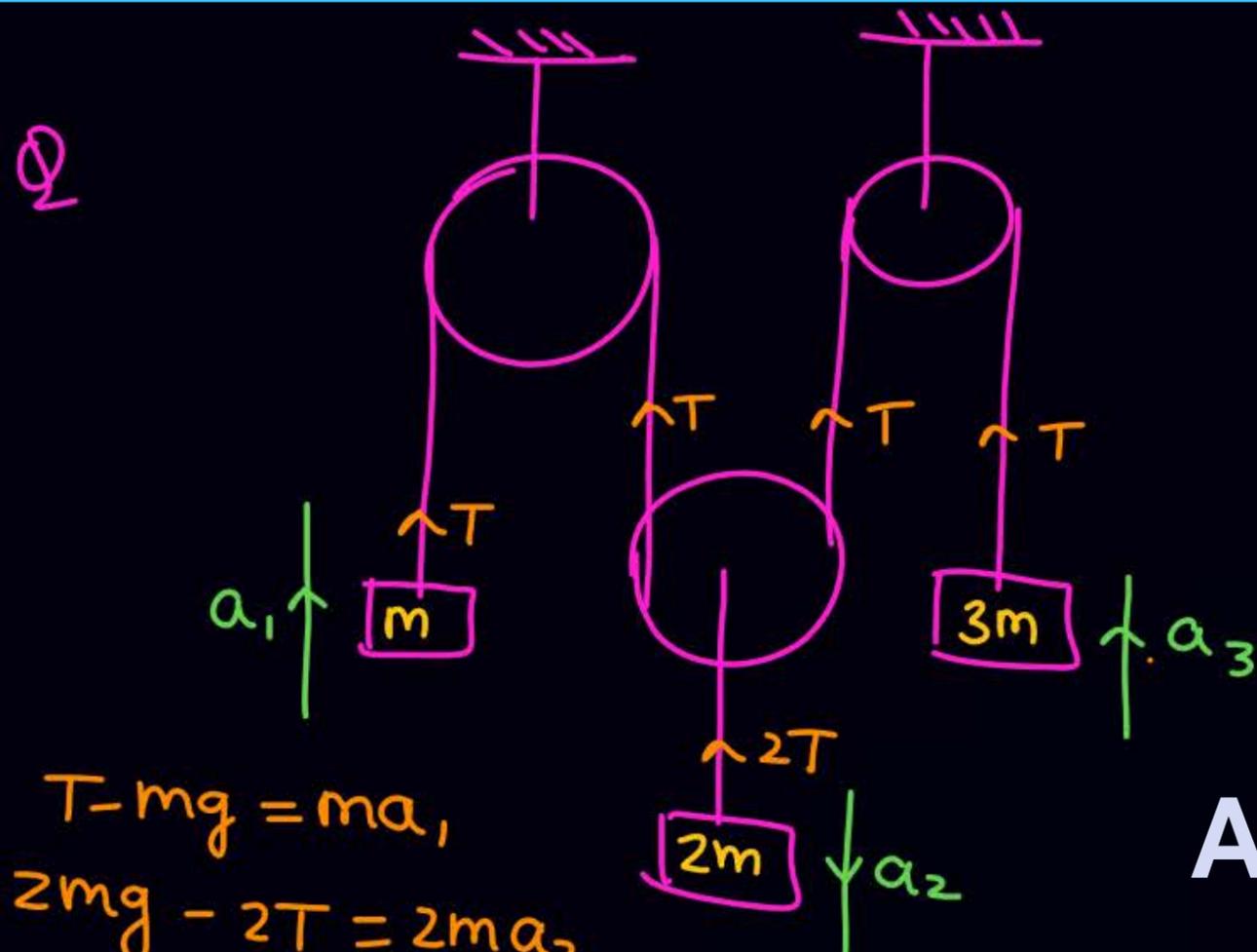


$$2a_1 + a_2 = 0$$

$$2 \left(\frac{2T - mg}{m} \right) + \frac{T - 4mg}{4m} = 0$$



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$$T - mg = ma_1$$

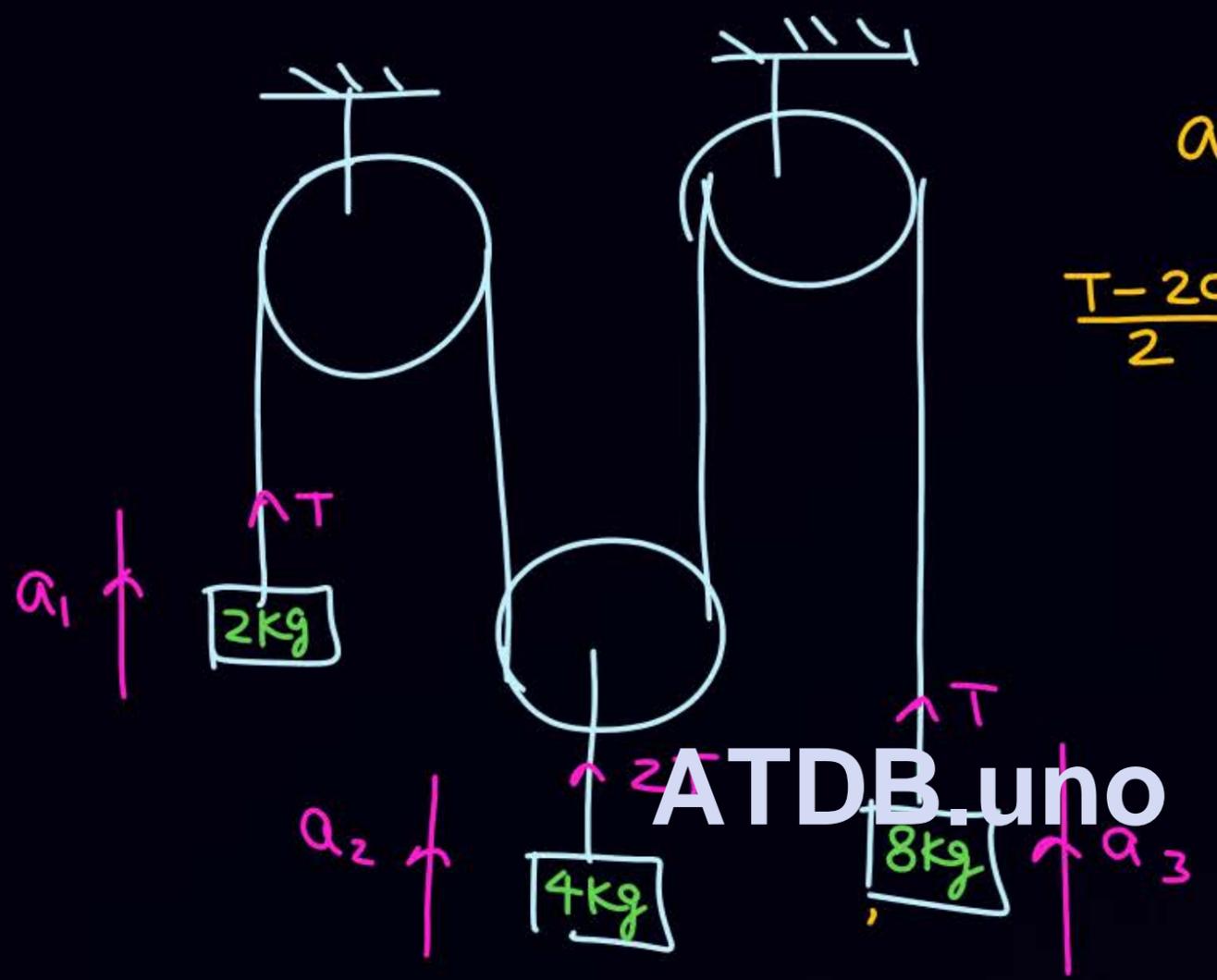
$$2mg - 2T = 2ma_2$$

$$T - 3mg = 3ma_3$$

$$a_1 - 2a_2 + a_3 = 0$$



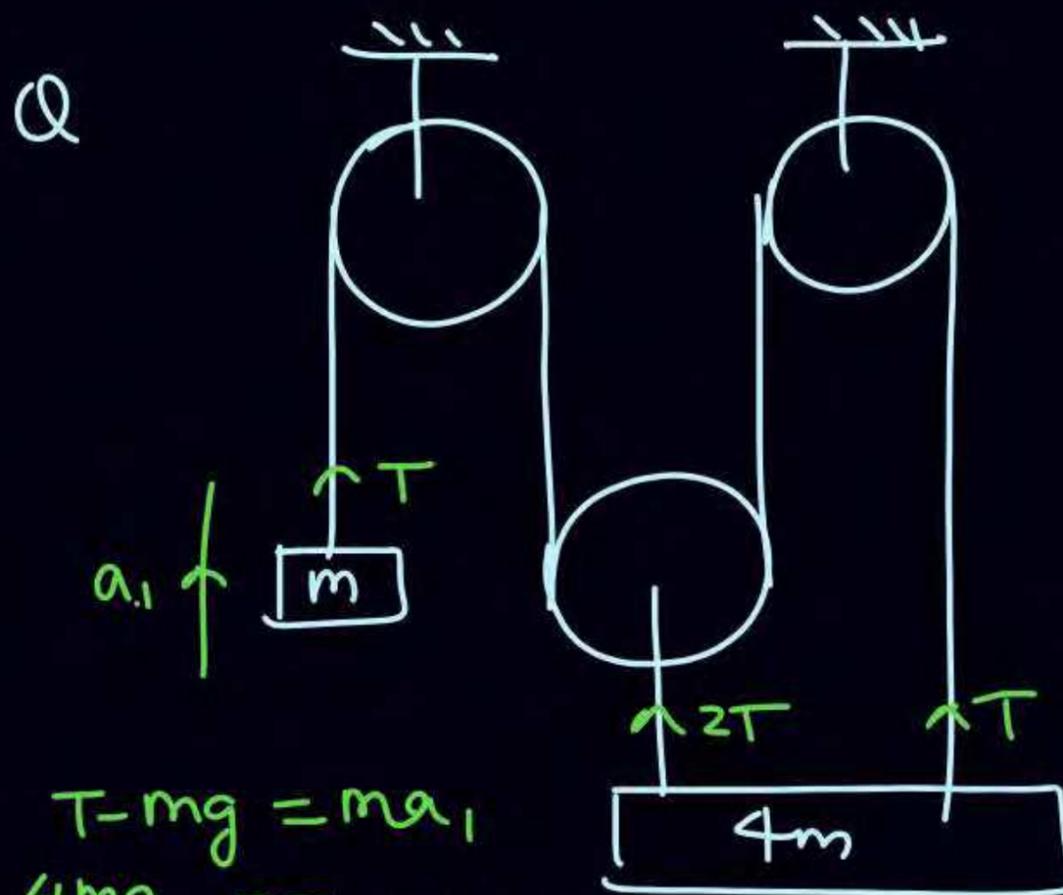
Q



$$a_1 + 2a_2 + a_3 = 0$$

$$\frac{T-20}{2} + 2\left(\frac{2T-40}{4}\right) + \frac{T-80}{8} = 0$$

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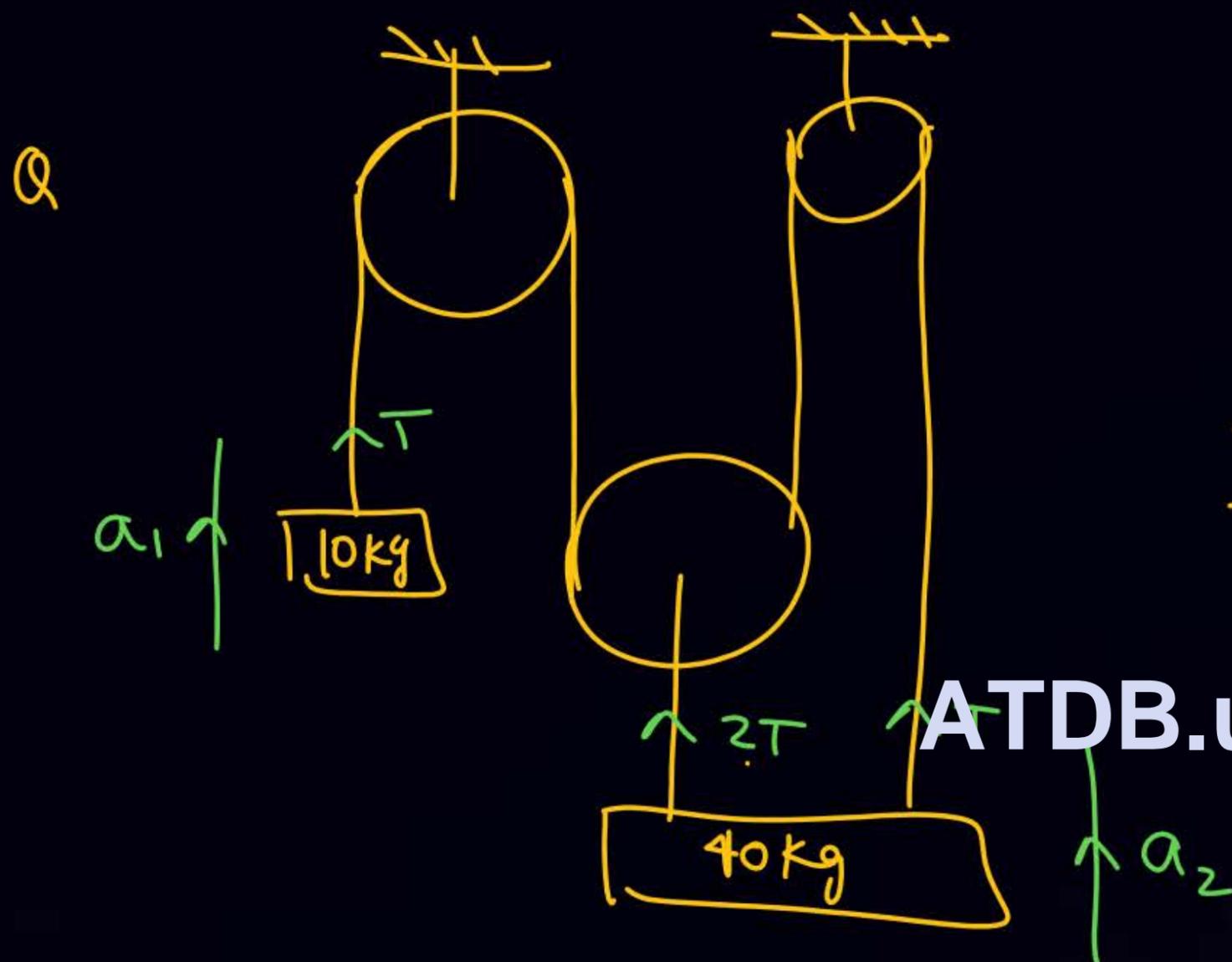


$$T - mg = ma_1$$

$$4mg - 3T = 4ma_2$$

$$a_1 - 3a_2 = 0$$

a_2 ATDB.uno

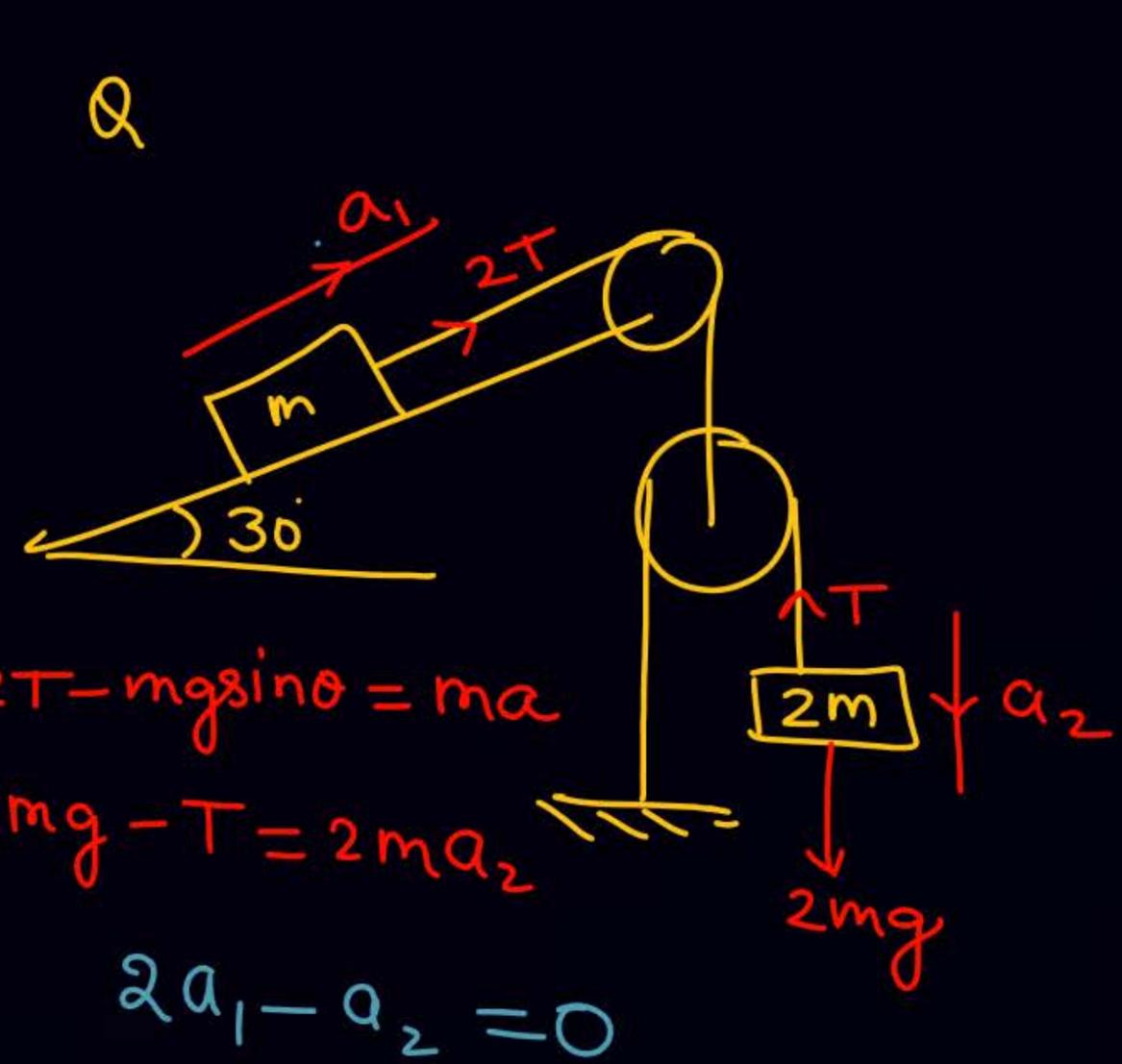


$$T a_1 + 3T a_2 = 0$$

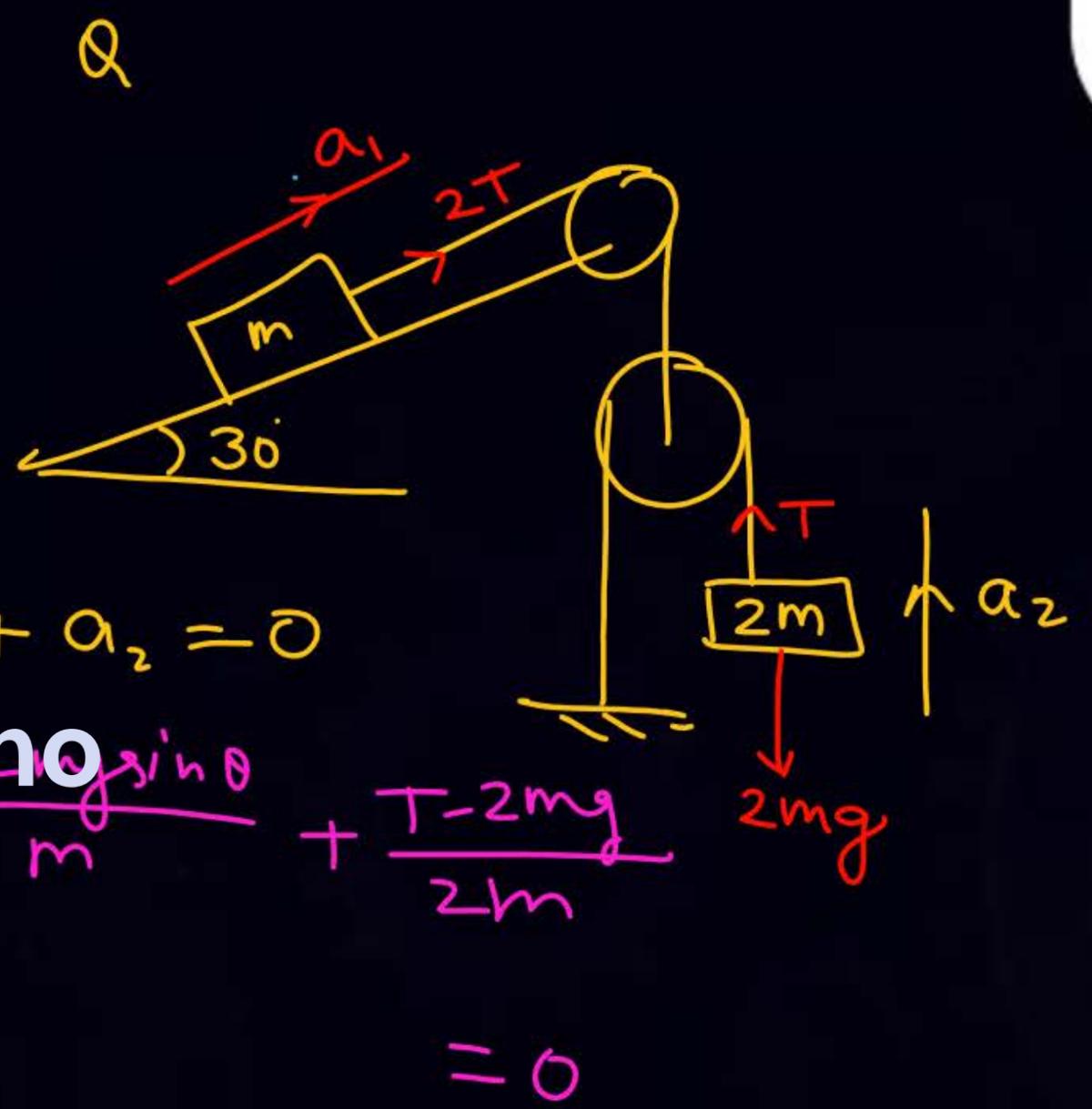
$$a_1 + 3a_2 = 0$$

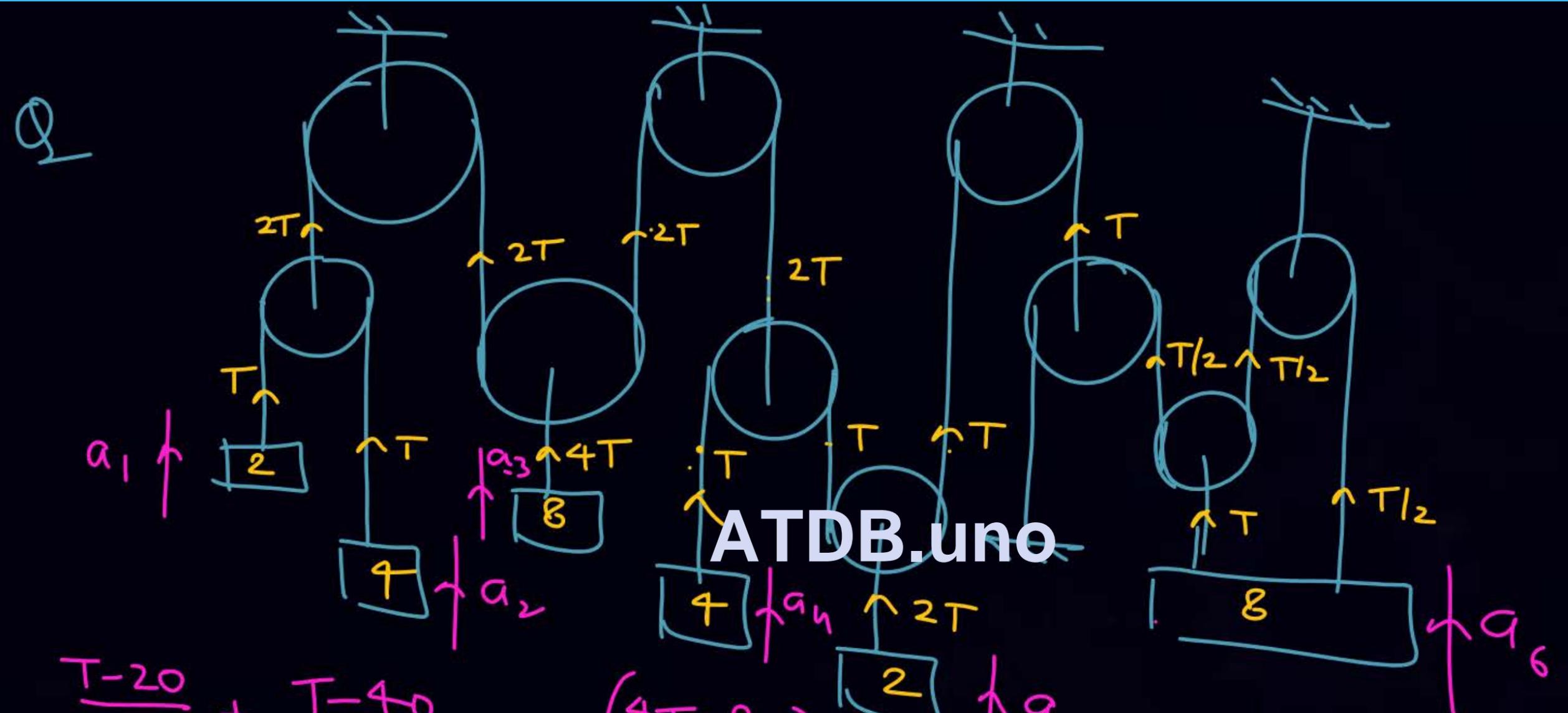
$$\frac{T - 100}{10} + 3 \frac{3T - 400}{40} = 0$$

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ATDB.uno





ATDB.uno

$$\frac{T-20}{2} + \frac{T-40}{4} + 4 \left(\frac{4T-80}{8} \right) + \left(\frac{T-40}{4} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{2T-20}{2} \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{\frac{3T}{2}-80}{8} \right) = 0$$



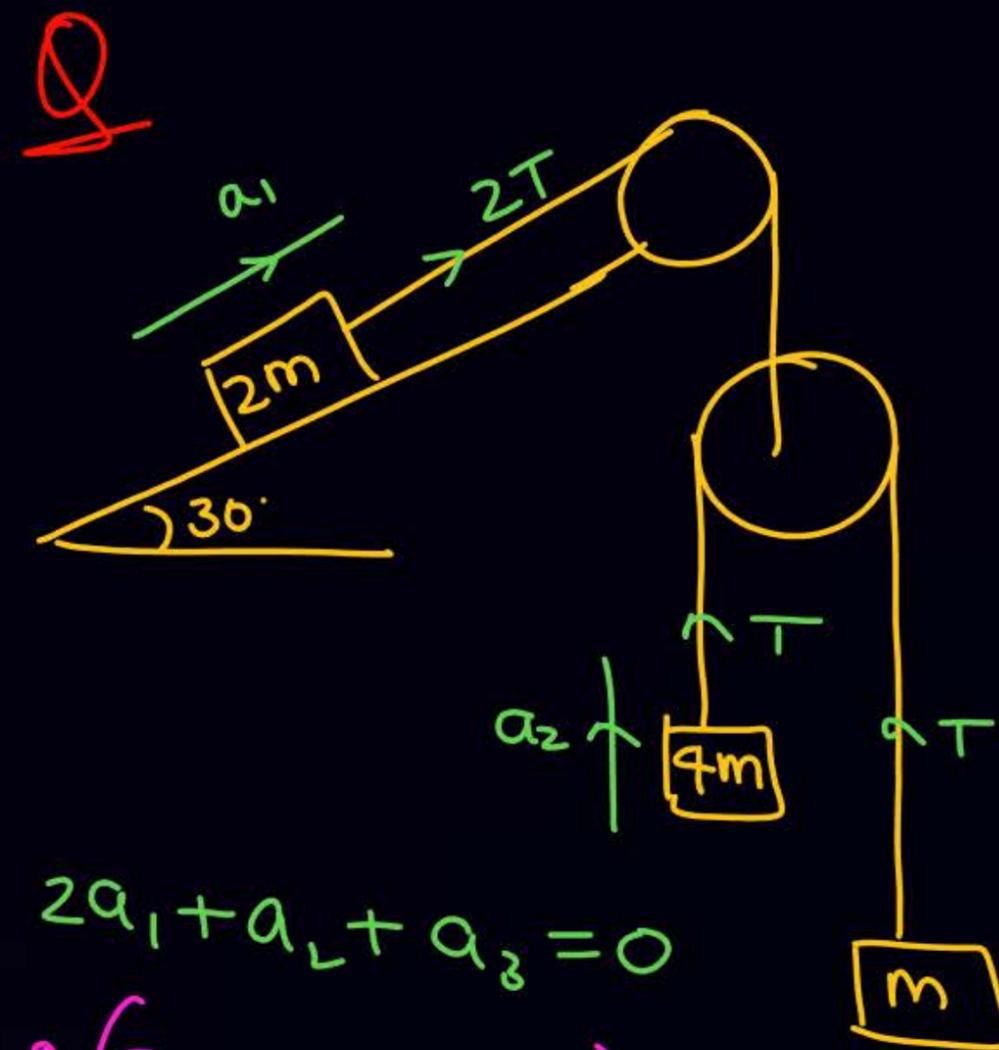
HCM
2



$$2a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 0.$$

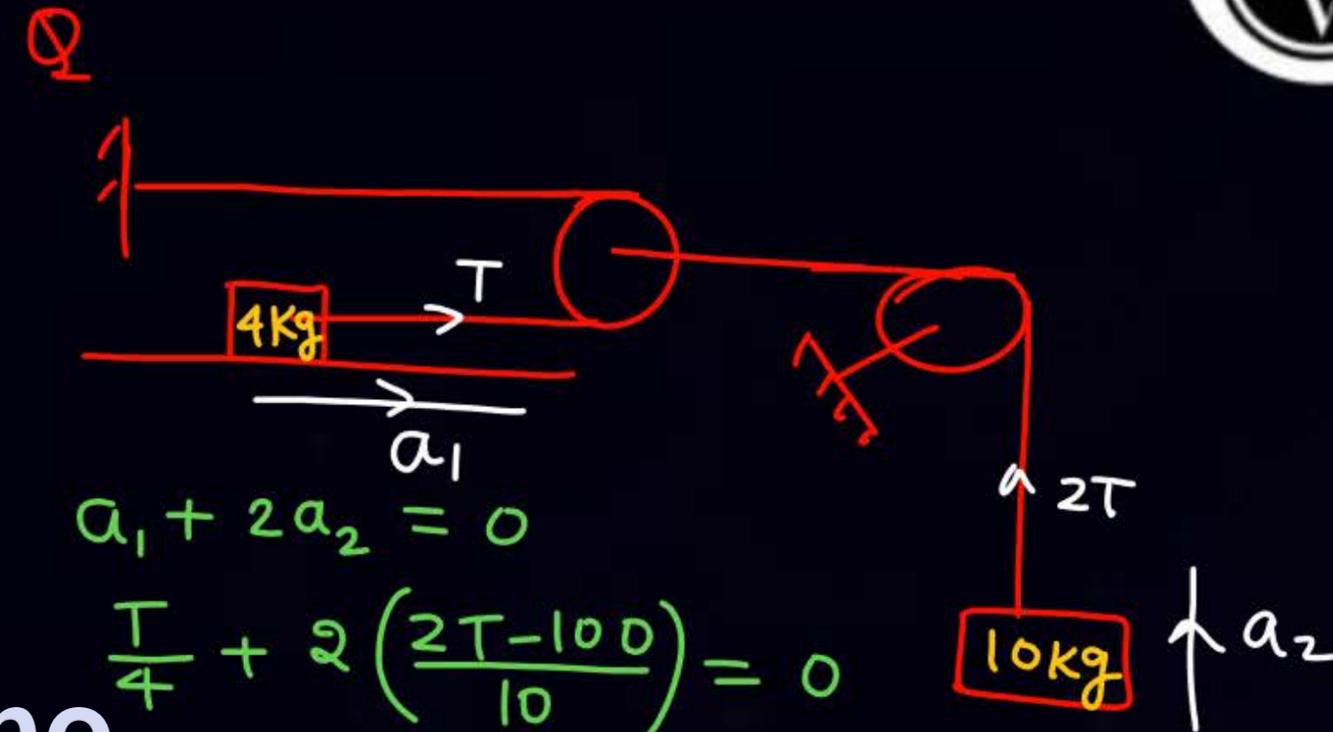
$$2 \left(\frac{2T - 10}{1} \right) + \frac{T - 20}{2} + \frac{T - 30}{3} = 0$$

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$$2a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 0$$

$$2 \left(\frac{2T - 2mg \sin 30}{2m} \right) + \frac{T - 4mg}{4m} + \frac{T - mg}{m} = 0$$



$$a_1 + 2a_2 = 0$$

$$\frac{T}{4} + 2 \left(\frac{2T - 100}{10} \right) = 0$$

$$5T + 8T - 400 = 0$$

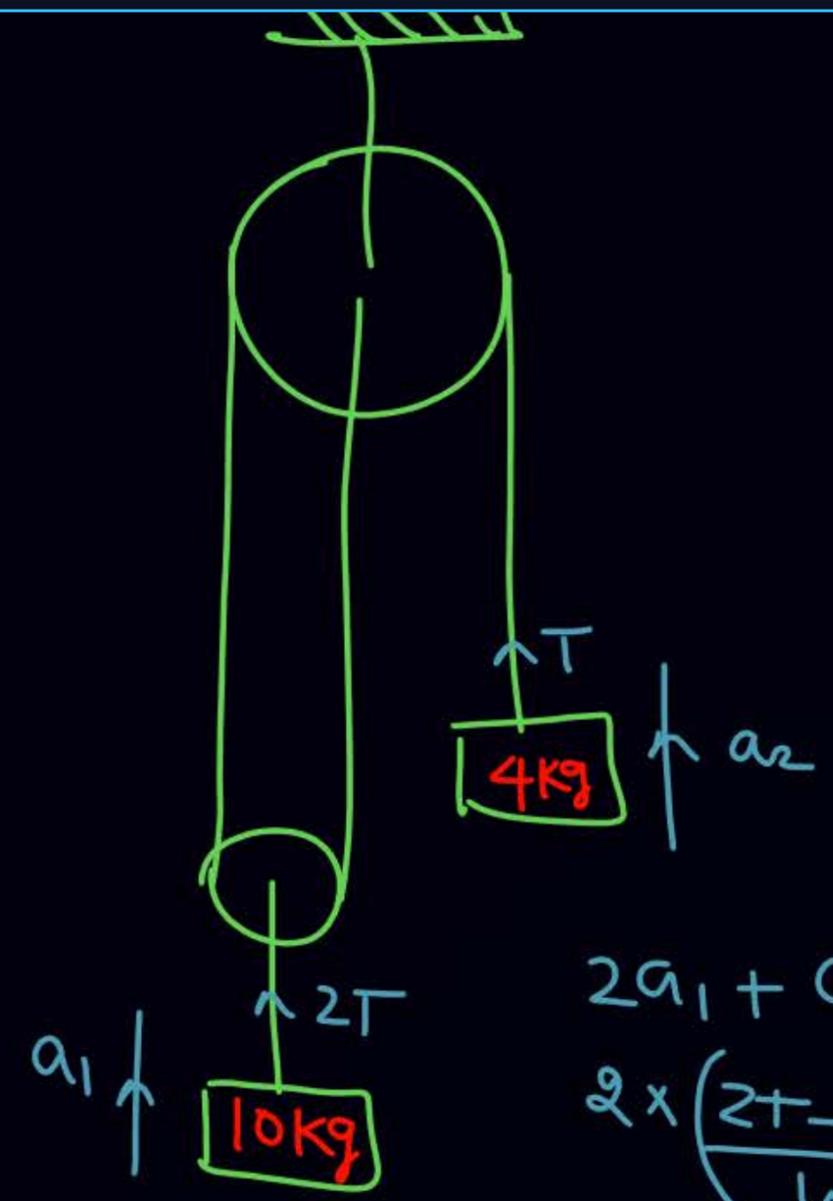
$$T = \frac{400}{13}$$

$$a_2 = \frac{2 \times \frac{400}{13} - 100}{10} = \frac{-500}{130}$$

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Q

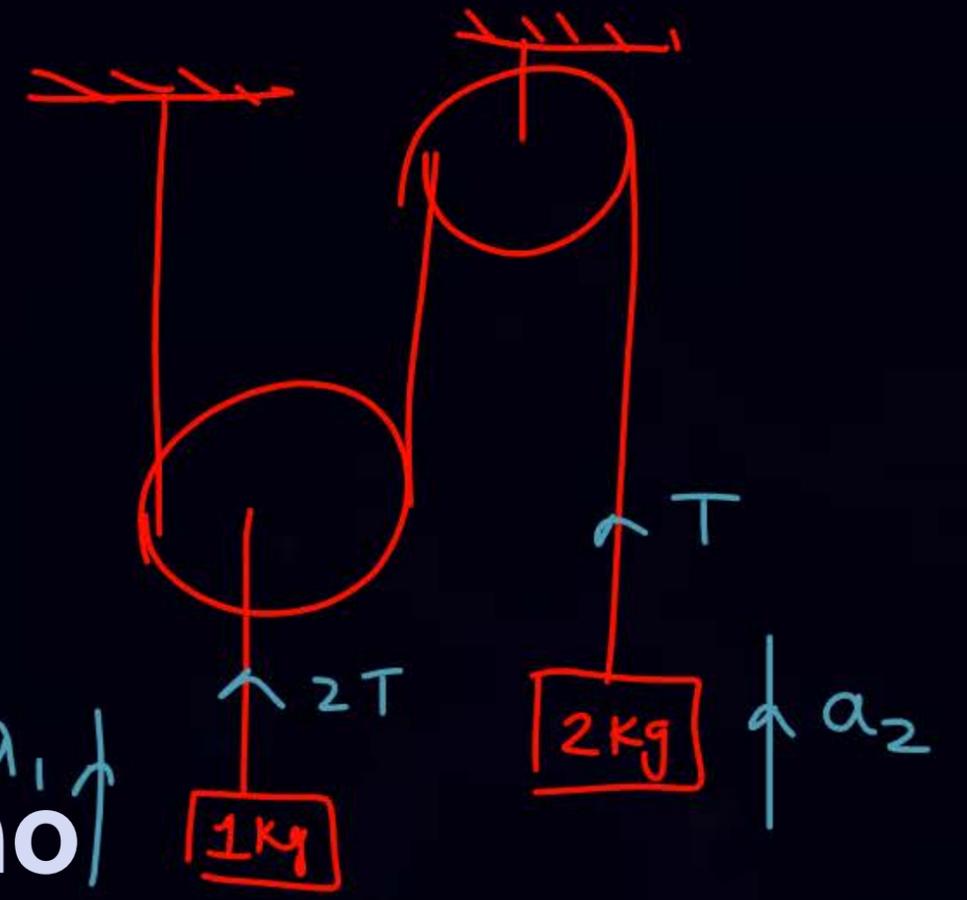


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$$2a_1 + a_2 = 0$$

$$2 \times \left(\frac{2T - 100}{10} \right) + \frac{T - 40}{4} = 0$$

Q

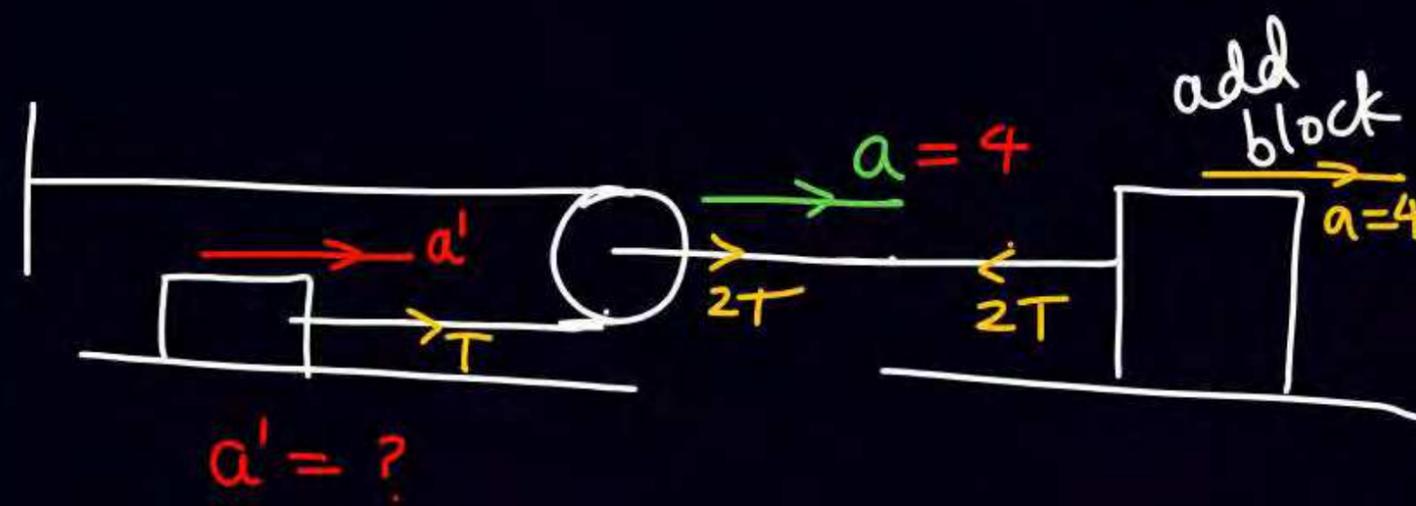
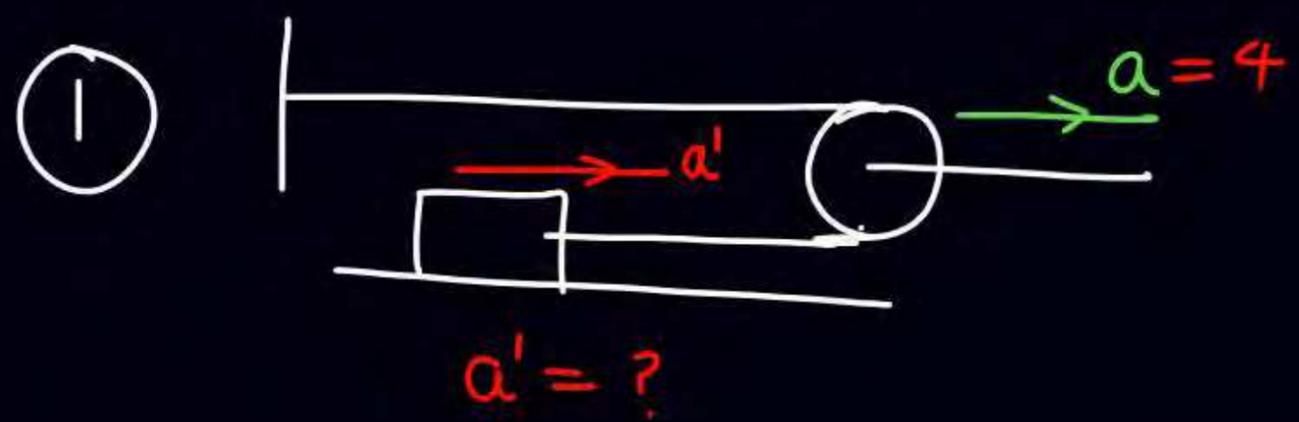


$$2a_1 + a_2 = 0$$

$$2 \left(\frac{2T - 10}{1} \right) + \frac{T - 20}{2} = 0$$



Imp चीज आधा अथूरा figure



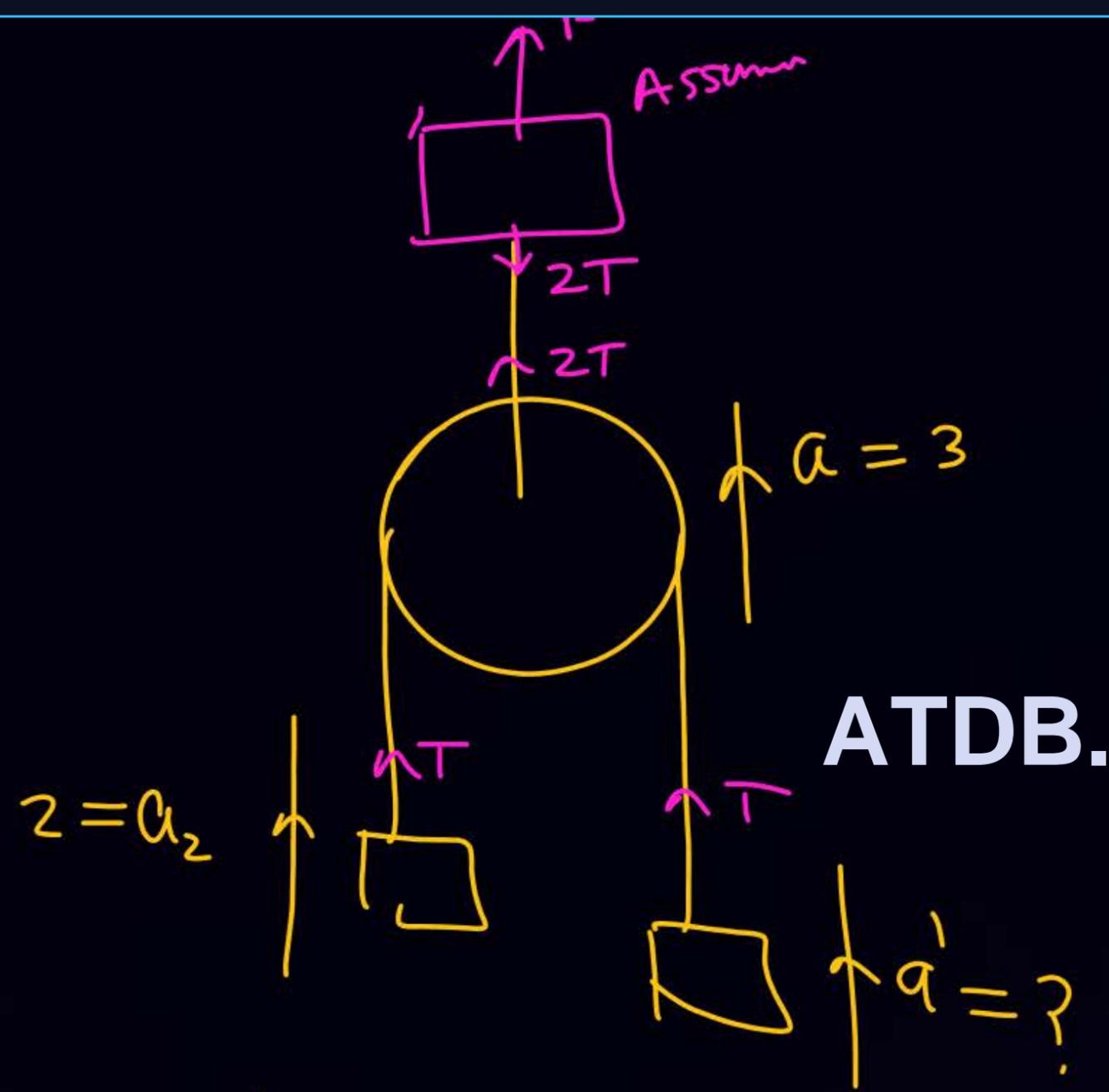
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$$T a' - 2T \times 4 = 0$$

$$a' = 8$$

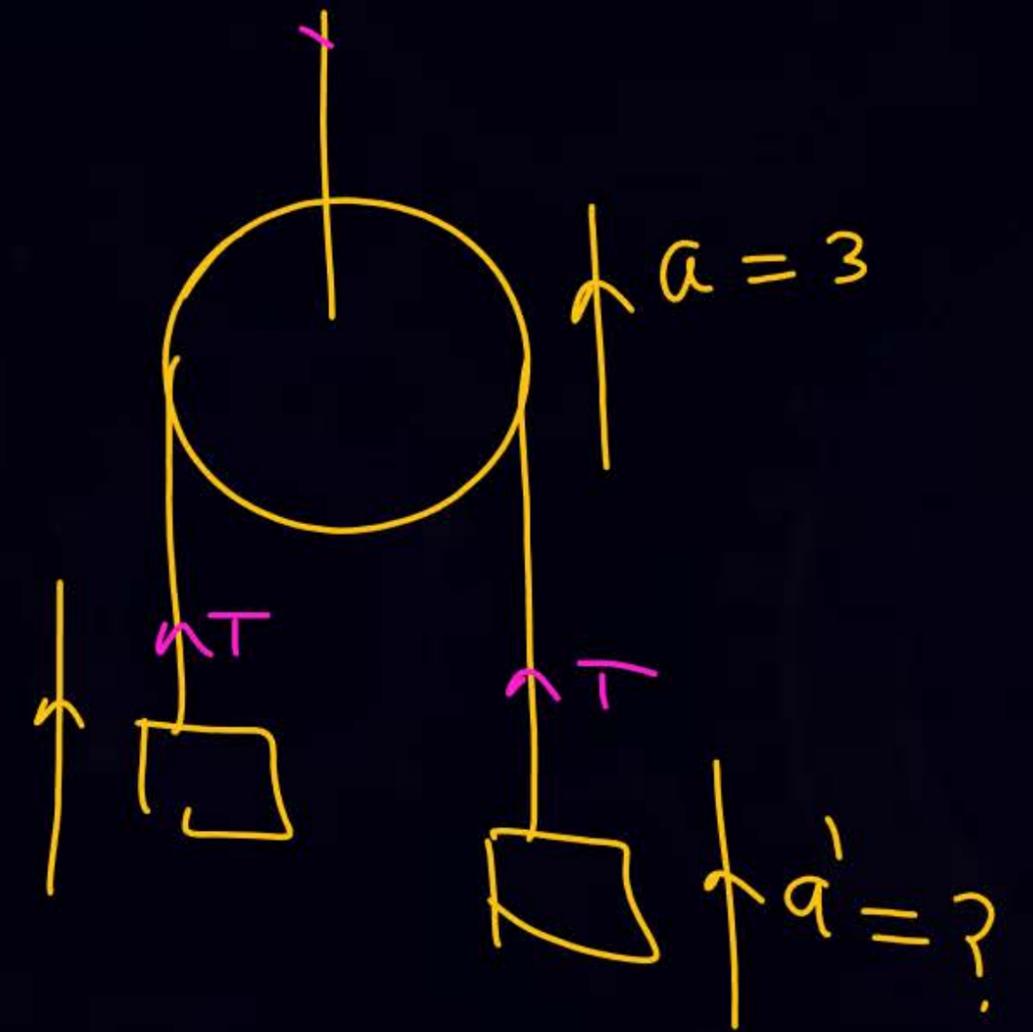


Q

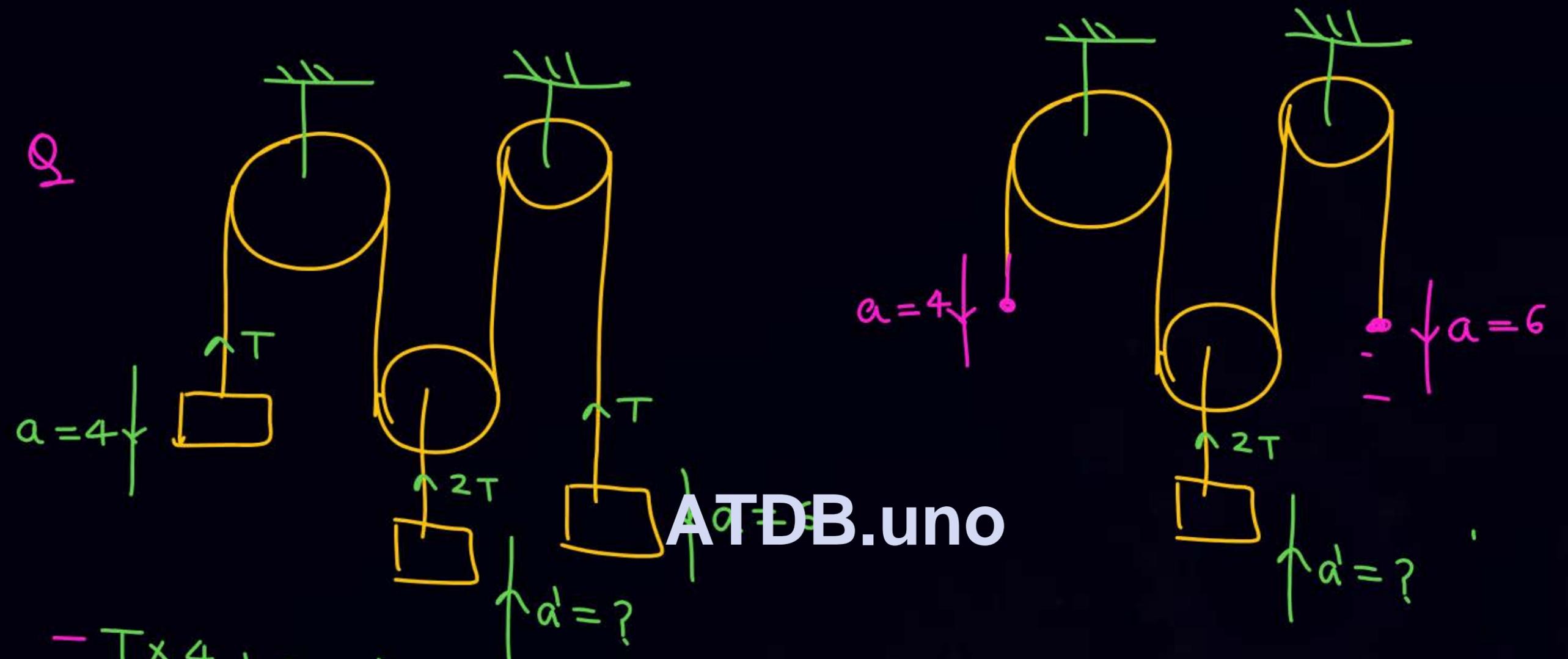


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$z = a_2$



$$T \times 2 + T a' - 2T \times 3 = 0$$



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$$-T \times 4 + 2T a' - T \times 6 = 0$$

$$a' = 5$$

QUESTION

A person standing on a spring balance inside a stationary lift measures 60 kg. The weight of that person if the lift descends with uniform downward acceleration of 1.8 m/s^2 will be _____ N. [$g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$].

[JEE Main - 2021]

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Ans : (492)



QUESTION

Two masses A and B, each of mass M are fixed together by a massless spring. A force acts on the mass B as shown in figure. If the mass A starts moving away from mass B with acceleration ' a ', then the acceleration of mass B will be: **[JEE Main - 2021]**

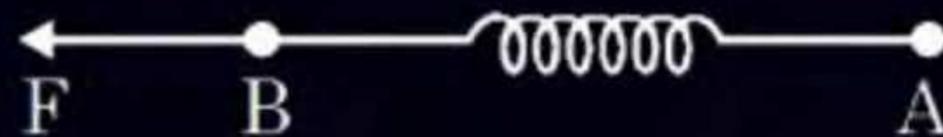
1 $\frac{Ma - F}{M}$

2 $\frac{MF}{F + Ma}$

3 $\frac{F + Ma}{M}$

4 $\frac{F - Ma}{M}$

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Ans : (4)

QUESTION

A boy pushes a box of mass 2 kg with a force $F = (20\hat{i} + 10\hat{j})\text{N}$ on a frictionless surface. If the box was initially at rest, then _____ m is displacement along the x-axis after 10 s.

[JEE Main - 2021]

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Ans : (500)

QUESTION

A body of mass 2 kg moves under a force of $(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k})\text{N}$. It starts from rest and was at the origin initially. After 4s, its new coordinates are (8, b, 20). The value of b is _____. (Round off to the Nearest Integer) **[JEE Main - 2021]**

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Ans : (12)

QUESTION

A bullet of mass 0.1 kg is fired on a wooden block to pierce through it, but it stops after moving a distance of 50 cm into it. If the velocity of bullet before hitting the wood is 10 m/s and it slows down with uniform deceleration, then the magnitude of effective retarding force on the bullet is 'x' N. The value of 'x' to the nearest integer is _____.

[JEE Main - 2021]

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Ans. (10)

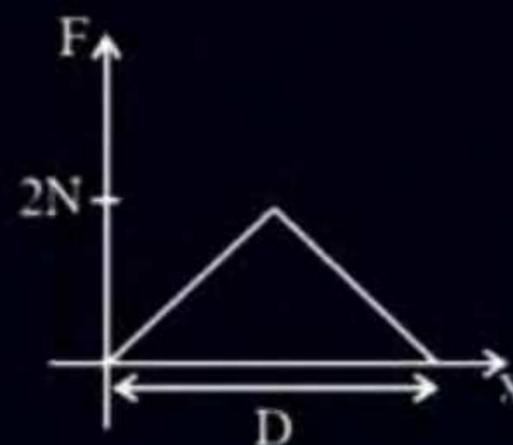


QUESTION

An object of mass 'm' is being moved with a constant velocity under the action of an applied force of 2N along a frictionless surface with following surface profile. The correct applied force vs distance graph will be:

[JEE Main - 2021]

1

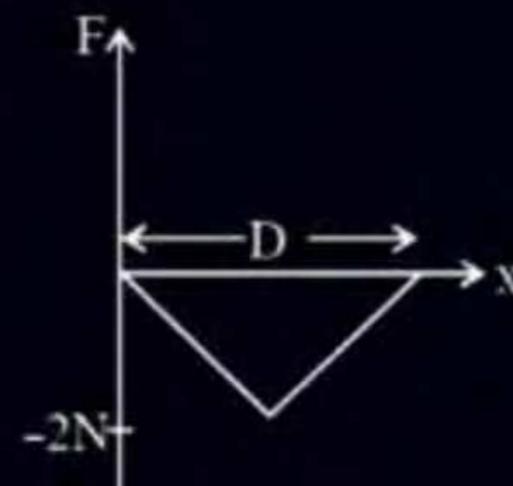


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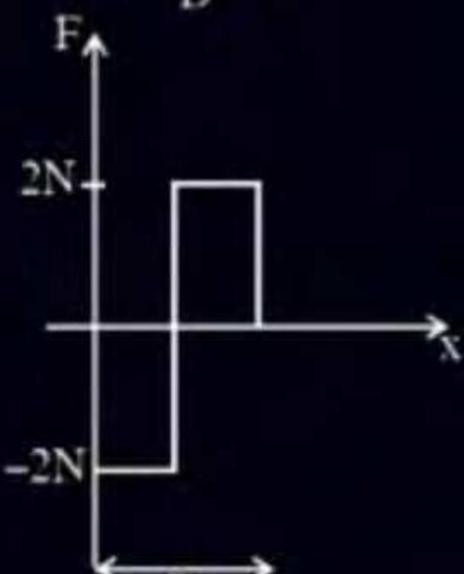
2



3



4



Ans : (2)

QUESTION



The boxes of masses 2 kg and 8 kg are connected by a massless string passing over smooth pulleys. Calculate the time taken by box of mass 8 kg to strike the ground starting from rest. (use $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)

[JEE Main - 2021]

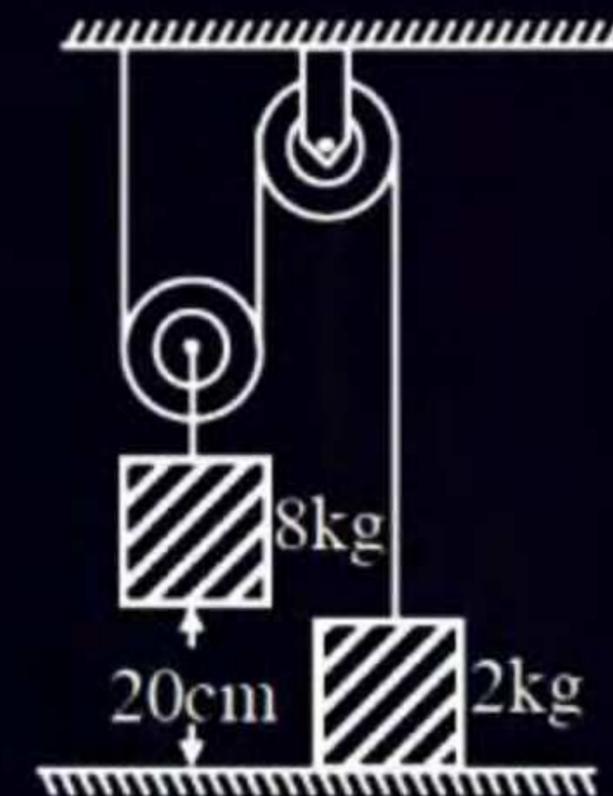
1 0.34 s

2 0.2 s

3 0.25 s

4 0.4 s

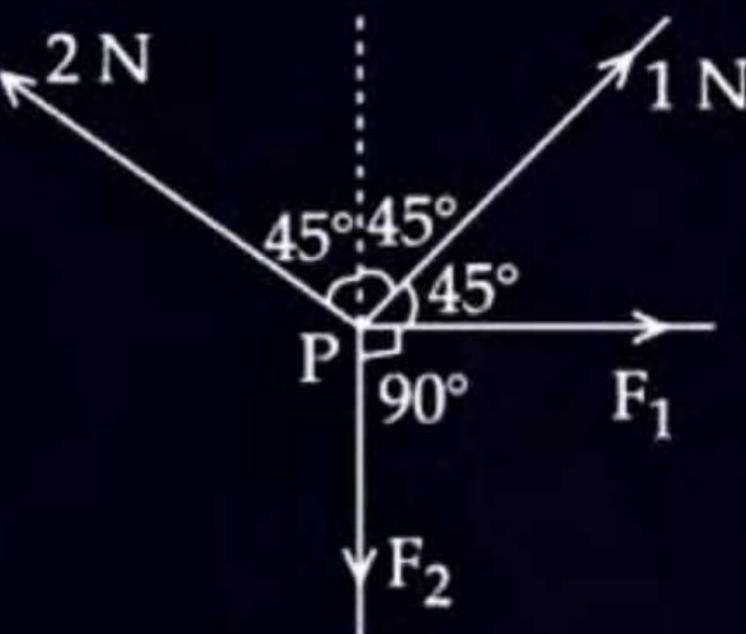
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Ans : (4)

QUESTION

Four forces are acting at a point P in equilibrium as shown in figure. The ratio of force F_1 to F_2 is $1 : x$ where $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
[JEE Main - 2022]

ATDB.uno**Ans : (3)**

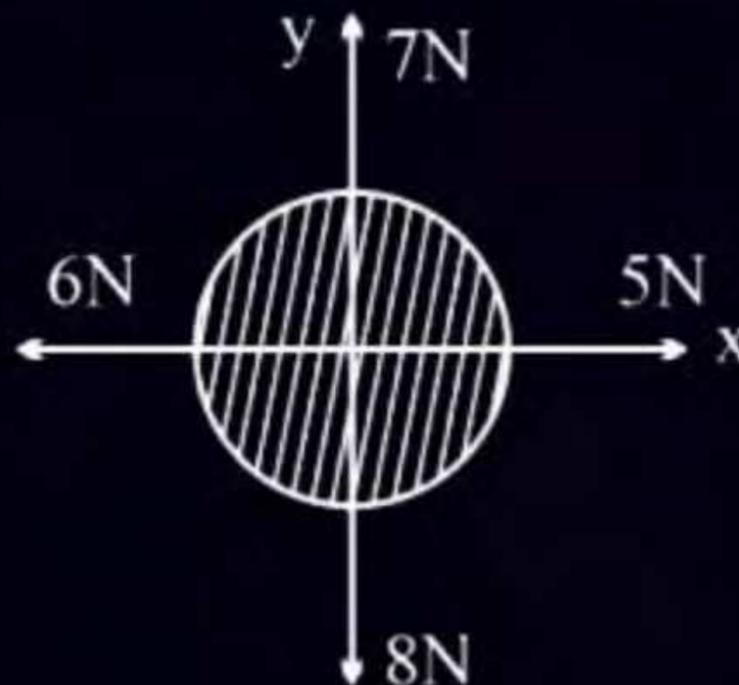
QUESTION



For a free body diagram shown in the figure, the four forces are applied in the 'x' and 'y' directions. What additional force must be applied and at what angle with positive x-axis so that the net acceleration of body is zero? **[JEE Main - 2022]**

- 1 $\sqrt{2}$ N, 45°
- 2 $\sqrt{2}$ N, 135°
- 3 $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ N, 30°
- 4 2 N, 45°

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Ans : (1)

QUESTION

A monkey of mass 50 kg climbs on a rope which can withstand the tension (T) of 350 N. If monkey initially climbs down with an acceleration of 4 m/s^2 and then climbs up with an acceleration of 5 m/s^2 . Choose the correct option ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$) **[JEE Main - 2022]**

- 1 $T = 700 \text{ N}$ while climbing upward
- 2 $T = 350 \text{ N}$ while going downward
- 3 Rope will break while climbing upward
- 4 Rope will break while going downward

ATDB.uno**Ans : (3)**

QUESTION



Two masses M_1 and M_2 are tied together at the two ends of a light inextensible string that passes over a frictionless pulley. When the mass M_2 is twice that of M_1 . The acceleration of the system is a_1 . When the mass M_2 is thrice that of M_1 . The acceleration of the system is a_2 . The ratio $\frac{a_1}{a_2}$ will be:

[JEE Main - 2022]

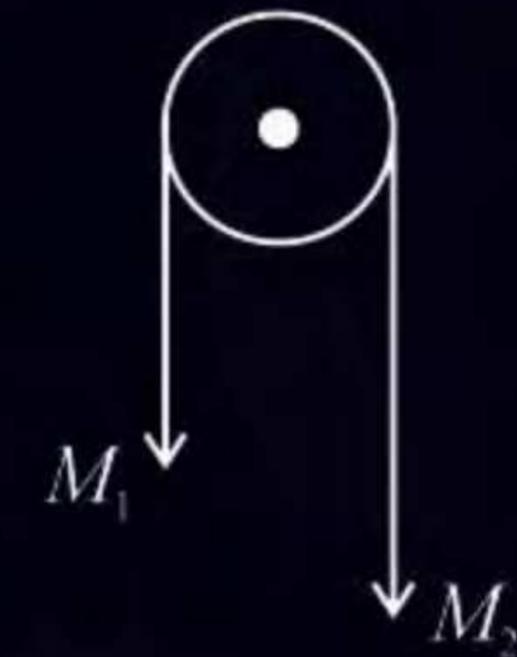
1 $1/3$

2 $2/3$

3 $3/2$

4 $1/2$

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Ans : (2)

QUESTION

A block 'A' takes 2 s to slide down a frictionless incline of 30° and length 'l', kept inside a lift going up with uniform velocity 'v'. If the incline is changed to 45° , the time taken by the block, to slide down the incline, will be approximately: **[JEE Main - 2022]**

1 2.66 s

2 0.83 s

3 1.68 s

4 0.70 s

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Ans : (3)

QUESTION



Two bodies of masses $m_1 = 5 \text{ kg}$ and $m_2 = 3 \text{ kg}$ are connected by a light string going over a smooth light pulley on a smooth inclined plane as shown in the figure. The system is at rest. The force exerted by the inclined plane of the body of mass m_1 will be: [Take $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$].

[JEE Main - 2022]

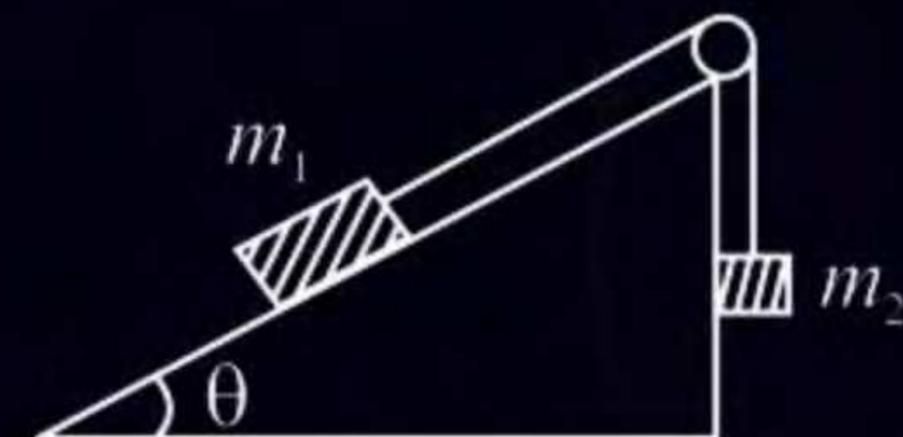
1 30 N

2 40 N

3 50 N

4 60 N

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Ans : (2)

QUESTION

A force on object of mass 100 g is $(10\hat{i} + 5\hat{j})\text{N}$. The position of that object at $t = 2\text{ s}$ is $(a\hat{i} + b\hat{j})\text{m}$ after starting from rest. The value of $\frac{a}{b}$ will be _____. **[JEE Main - 2022]**

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Ans : (2)

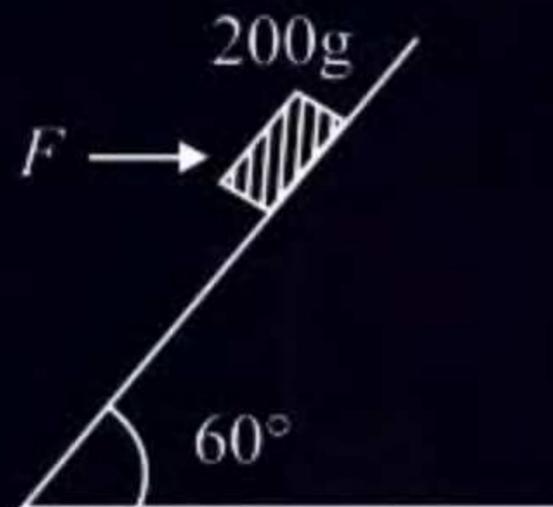
QUESTION



A block of mass 200 g is kept stationary on a smooth inclined plane by applying a minimum horizontal force $F = \sqrt{x}\text{N}$ as shown in figure. The value of $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

[JEE Main - 2022]

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Ans : (12)



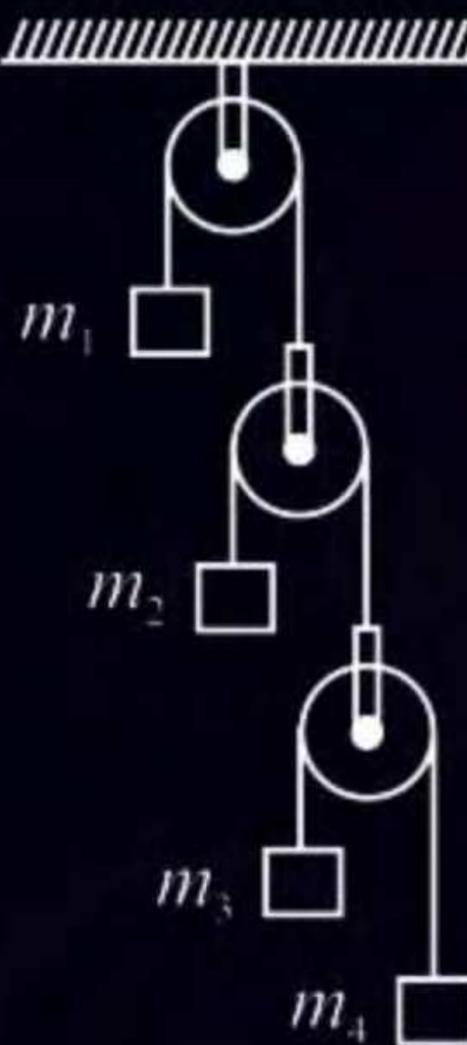
QUESTION

In the arrangement shown in figure a_1 , a_2 , a_3 and a_4 are the acceleration of masses m_1 , m_2 , m_3 and m_4 respectively. Which of the following relation is true for this arrangement?

[JEE Main - 2022]

- 1 $4a_1 + 2a_2 + a_3 + a_4 = 0$
- 2 $a_1 + 4a_2 + 3a_3 + a_4 = 0$
- 3 $a_1 + 4a_2 + 3a_3 + 2a_4 = 0$
- 4 $2a_1 + 2a_2 + 3a_3 + a_4 = 0$

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Ans : (1)

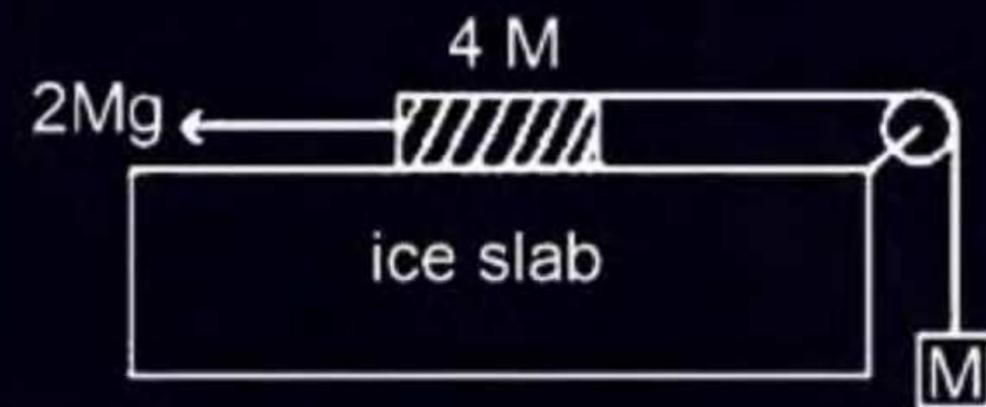
QUESTION



A hanging mass M is connected to a four times bigger mass by using a string-pulley arrangement, as shown in the figure. The bigger mass is placed on a horizontal ice-slab and being pulled by $2Mg$ force. In this situation tension in the string is $\frac{x}{5} mg$ for $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$. Neglect mass of the string and friction of the block (bigger mass) with ice slab. (Given $g =$ acceleration due to gravity).

[JEE Main - 2022]

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Ans. (6)

QUESTION



A block of mass M placed inside a box descends vertically with acceleration 'a'. The block exerts a force equal to one-fourth of its weight on the floor of the box. The value of 'a' will be _____.

[JEE Main - 2022]

1 $\frac{g}{4}$

2 $\frac{g}{2}$

3 $\frac{3g}{4}$

4 g

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Ans : (3)

QUESTION

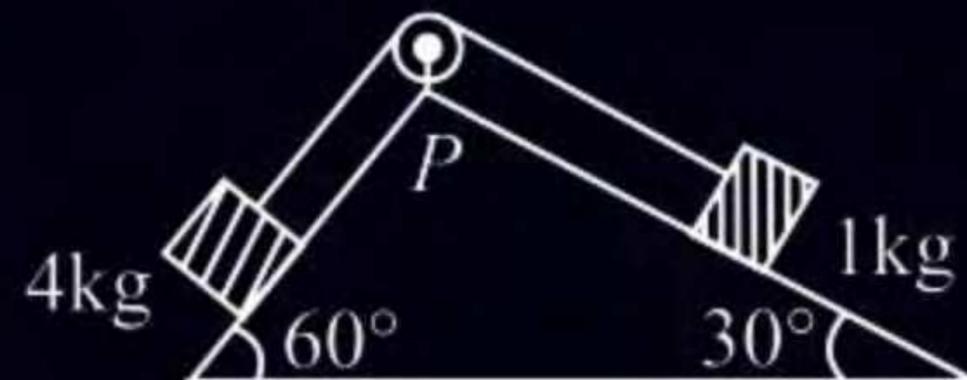


As per given figure, a weightless pulley P is attached on a double inclined frictionless surface. The tension in the string (massless) will be: (if $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$).

[24 January 2023 - Shift 1]

- 1 $(4\sqrt{3} + 1) \text{ N}$
- 2 $4(\sqrt{3} + 1) \text{ N}$
- 3 $4(\sqrt{3} - 1) \text{ N}$
- 4 $(4\sqrt{3} - 1) \text{ N}$

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Ans : (2)

QUESTION



Given below are two statements:

Statement-I: An elevator can go up or down with uniform speed when its weight is balanced with the tension of its cable.

Statement-II: Force exerted by the floor of an elevator on the foot of a person standing on it is more than his/her weight when the elevator goes down with increasing speed.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[24 January 2023 - Shift 1]

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- 1** Both statement I and statement II are false
- 2** Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- 3** Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- 4** Statement I is false but Statement II is true

Ans : (2)

QUESTION

The figure represents the momentum time (p-t) curve for a particle moving along an axis under the influence of the force. Identify the regions on the graph where the magnitude of the force is maximum and minimum respectively?

If $(t_3 - t_2) < t_1$.

[30 January 2023 - Shift 1]

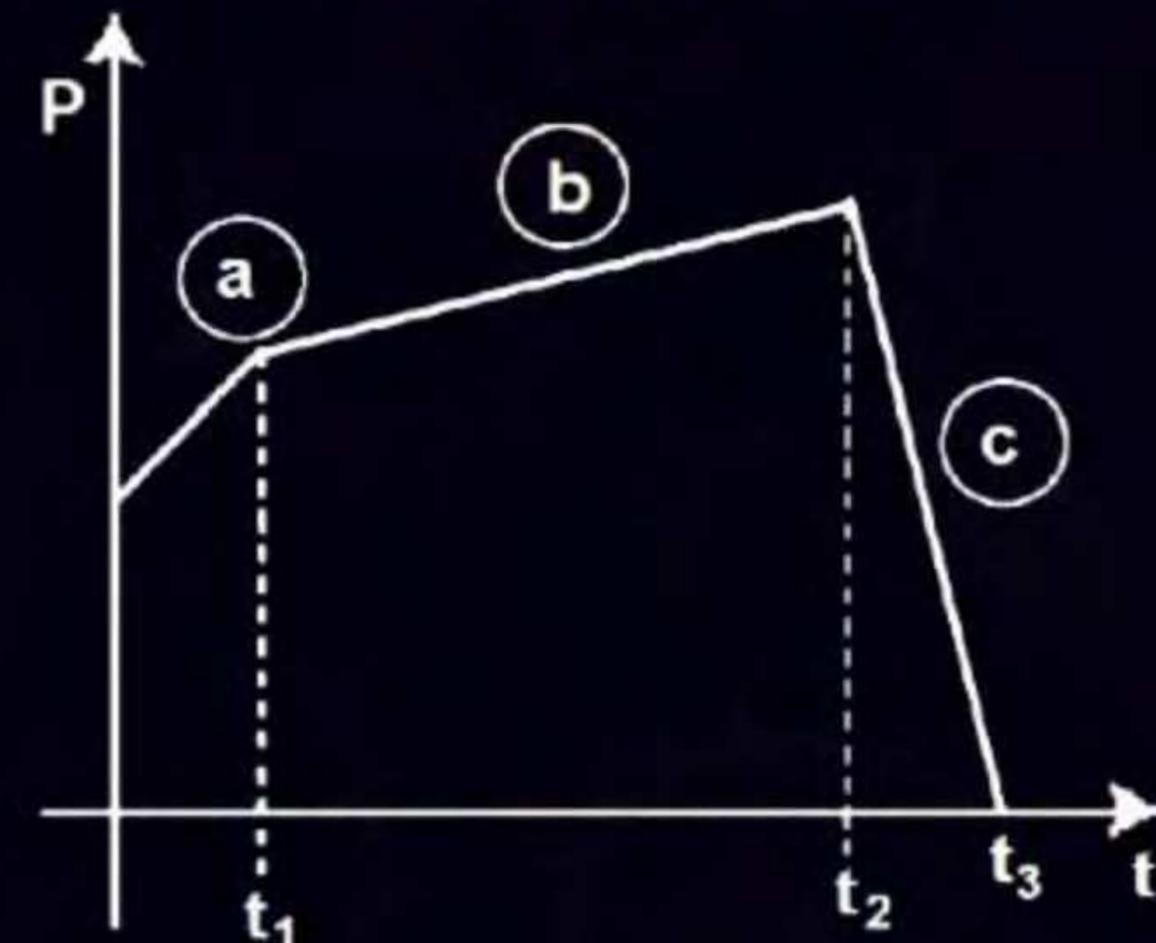
1 c and a

2 b and c

3 c and b

4 a and b

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Ans : (3)

QUESTION

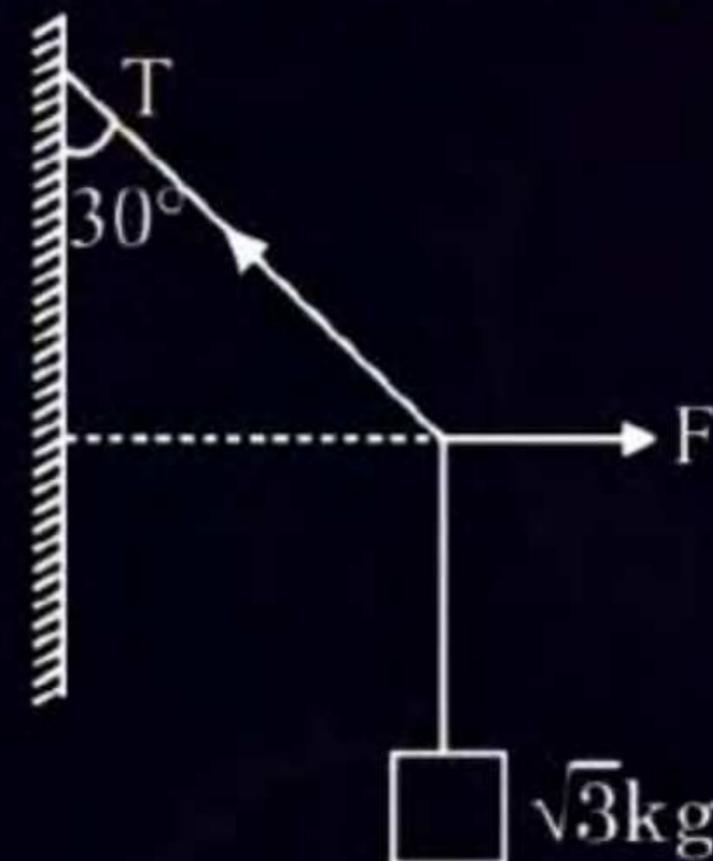


A block of $\sqrt{3}$ kg is attached to a string whose other end is attached to the wall. An unknown force F is applied so that the string makes an angle of 30° with the wall. The tension T is:
(Given $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$).

[30 January 2023 - Shift 2]

- 1 20 N
- 2 25 N
- 3 10 N
- 4 15 N

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Ans : (1)

QUESTION



As shown in figure, a 70 kg garden roller is pushed with a force of $\vec{F} = 200 \text{ N}$ at an angle of 30° with horizontal. The normal reaction on the roller is _____.
(Given $g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$).

[31 January 2023 - Shift 1]

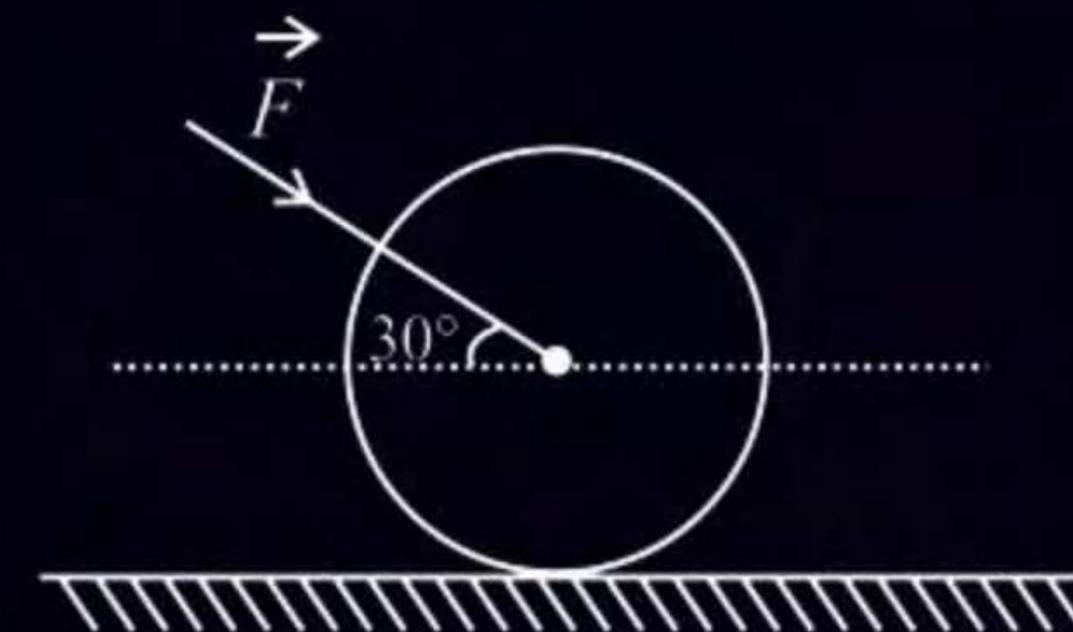
1 $800\sqrt{2} \text{ N}$

2 600 N

3 800 N

4 $200\sqrt{3} \text{ N}$

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Ans : (3)



QUESTION

A mass m is attached to two springs as shown in figure. The spring constants of two springs are K_1 and K_2 . For the frictionless surface, the time period of oscillation of mass m is _____.

[06 April 2023 - Shift 1]

1 $2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{K_1 + K_2}}$

2 $\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{K_1 - K_2}{m}}$

3 $2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{K_1 - K_2}}$

4 $\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{K_1 + K_2}{m}}$



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Ans : (1)

QUESTION



At any instant the velocity of a particle of mass 500 g is $(2t\hat{i} + 3t^2\hat{j}) \text{ ms}^{-1}$. If the force acting on the particle at $t = 1 \text{ s}$ is $(\hat{i} + x\hat{j}) \text{ N}$. Then the value of x will be:

[08 April 2023 - Shift 1]

1 3

2 4

3 2

4 6

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Ans : (1)

QUESTION

The position vector of a particle related to time t is given by $\vec{r} = (10t\hat{i} + 15t^2\hat{j} + 7\hat{k})$ m.

The direction of net force experienced by the particle is:

[15 April 2023 - Shift 1]

- 1 Positive x-axis
- 2 In x-y plane
- 3 Positive y-axis
- 4 Positive z-axis

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Ans : (3)

QUESTION



A body of mass 4 kg experiences two forces $\vec{F}_1 = 5\hat{i} + 8\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$ and $\vec{F}_2 = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$.
The acceleration acting on the body is: **[01 Feb. 2024 - Shift 2]**

1 $-2\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}$

2 $4\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$

3 $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$

4 $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$

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Ans : (3)

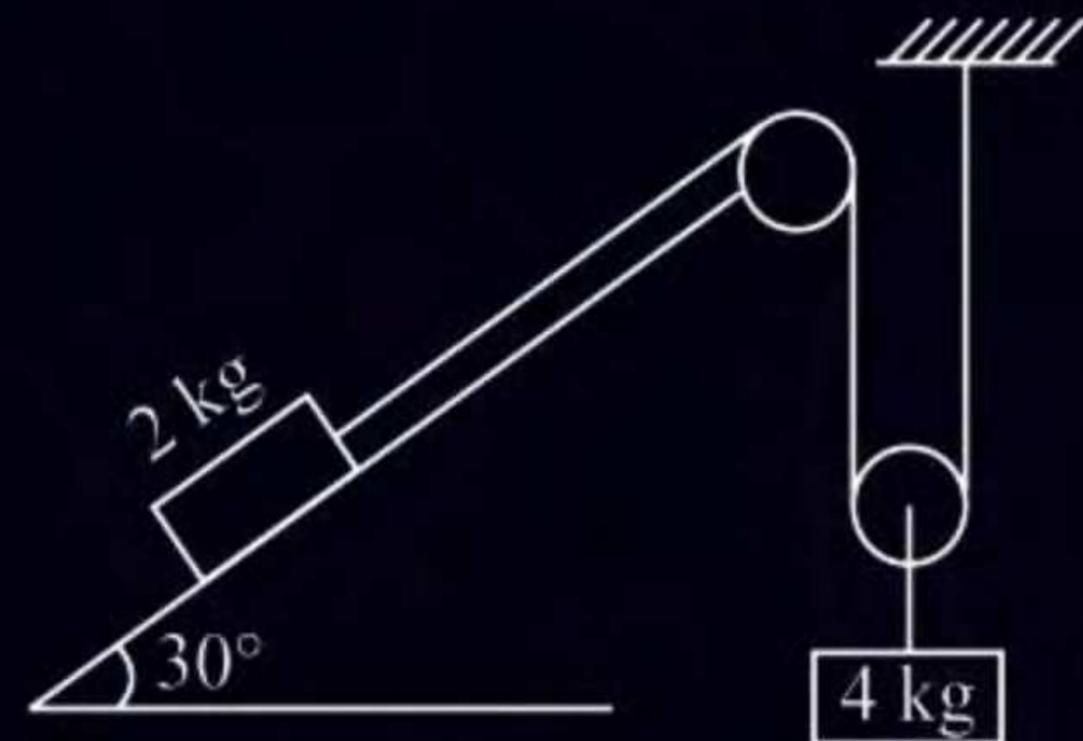
QUESTION



All surfaces shown in figure are assumed to be frictionless and the pulleys and the string are light. The acceleration of the block of mass 2 kg is: **[30 Jan. 2024 - Shift 1]**

- 1 g
- 2 $g/3$
- 3 $g/2$
- 4 $g/4$

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Ans : (2)



QUESTION

Three blocks A, B and C are pulled on a horizontal smooth surface by a force of 80 N as shown in figure. The tensions T_1 and T_2 in the string are respectively:

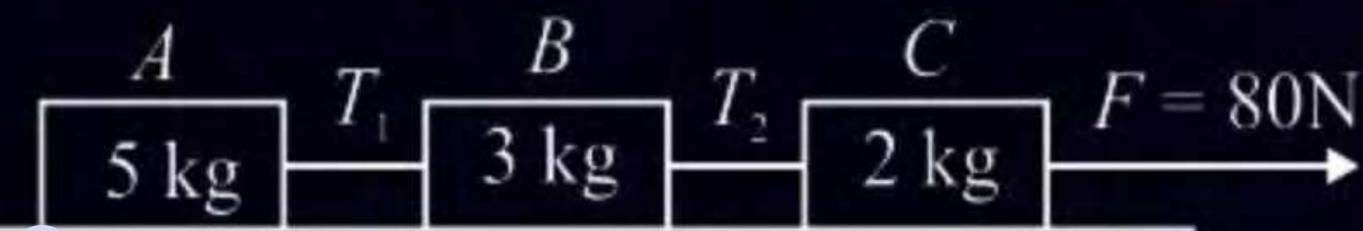
[30 Jan. 2024 - Shift 2]

1 40 N, 64 N

2 60 N, 80 N

3 88 N, 96 N

4 80 N, 100 N



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Ans : (1)

QUESTION



A light string passing over a smooth light fixed pulley connects two blocks of masses m_1 and m_2 . If the acceleration of the system is $g/8$, then the ratio of masses is:

[31 Jan. 2024 - Shift 2]

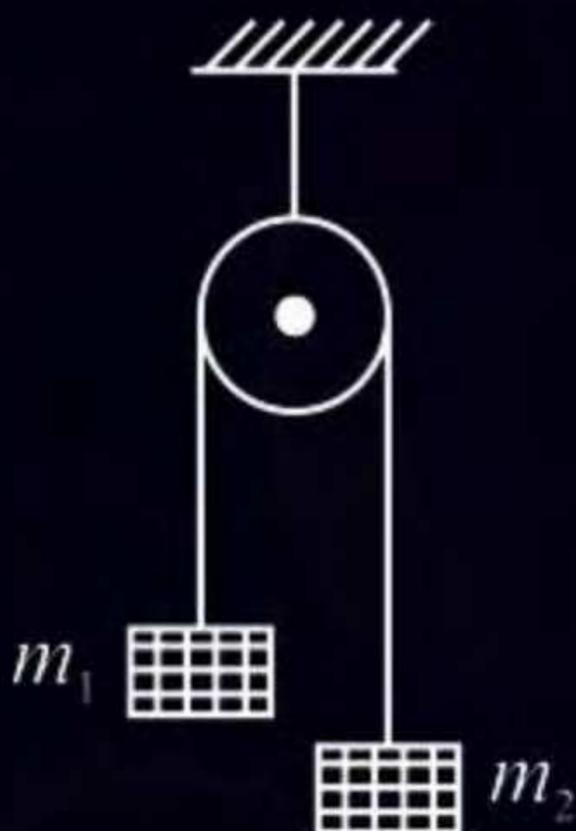
1 $9/7$

2 $8/1$

3 $4/3$

4 $5/3$

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Ans : (1)



- H.W
- Jm PYQ are attached (must try)
 - HCV \rightarrow must try \Rightarrow 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36

- DPP = (must try)

DPP-06

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THANK YOU

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