

Prayas JEE (2025)

Physics

Oscillations

DPP: 7

Q1 The potential energy of a particle of mass m executing SHM is given by $U = A(1 - \cos 2x)$, where x is the instantaneous small displacement of the particle. The time period of oscillation is

- (A) $\pi\sqrt{\frac{m}{A}}$
 (B) $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{m}{A}}$
 (C) $\pi\sqrt{\frac{m}{2A}}$
 (D) $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{m}{2A}}$

Q2 A uniform rod of length l is suspended at $l/4$ from one end and made to undergo small oscillations. The time period of oscillation is:

- (A) $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{7l}{12g}}$
 (B) $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{3l}{7g}}$
 (C) $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{7l}{3g}}$
 (D) $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{4l}{5g}}$

Q3 The displacement of a particle executing simple harmonic motion is given by, $y = A_0 + A \sin \omega t + B \cos \omega t$. Then the amplitude of its oscillation is given by:

- (A) $A + B$
 (B) $A_0 + \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$
 (C) $\sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$
 (D) $\sqrt{A_0^2 + (A + B)^2}$

Q4 When two displacements represented by $y_1 = a \sin(\omega t)$ and $y_2 = b \cos(\omega t)$ are superimposed, the motion is:

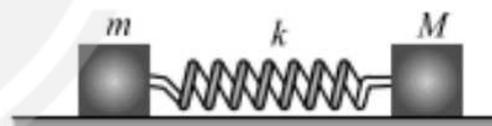
- (A) not a simple harmonic.

- (B) simple harmonic with amplitude $\frac{a}{b}$.
 (C) simple harmonic with amplitude $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$
 (D) simple harmonic with amplitude $\frac{(a+b)}{2}$.

Q5 Two particles are in SHM in a straight line. Amplitude A and time period T of both the particles are equal. At time $t = 0$, one particle is at displacement $Y_1 = +A$ and the other at $Y_2 = -\frac{A}{2}$, and they are approaching towards each other. After what time they cross each other?

- (A) $T/3$ (B) $T/4$
 (C) $5T/6$ (D) $T/6$

Q6 The spring as shown in figure is kept in a steady position with extension x when the system is released. Assuming the horizontal surface to be frictionless, the frequency of oscillation is

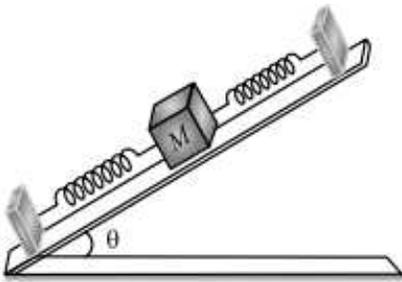


- (A) $\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k(M+m)}{Mm}}$
 (B) $\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{mM}{k(M+m)}}$
 (C) $\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\left[\frac{kM}{(m+M)} \right]}$
 (D) $\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{km}{(M+m)}}$

Q7 On a smooth inclined plane, a body of mass M is attached between two springs. The other ends of the springs are fixed to firm supports. If each spring has force constant K , the period of


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oscillation of the body (assuming the springs as massless) is



- (A) $2\pi\left(\frac{M}{2K}\right)^{1/2}$
(B) $2\pi\left(\frac{2M}{K}\right)^{1/2}$
(C) $2\pi\frac{Mg \sin \theta}{2K}$
(D) $2\pi\left(\frac{2Mg}{K}\right)^{1/2}$



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Answer Key

Q1 (A)

Q2 (A)

Q3 (C)

Q4 (C)

Q5 (D)

Q6 (A)

Q7 (A)



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