

Prayas JEE (2025)

Physics

Ray Optics

DPP: 3

Q1 A luminous point object is moving along the principal axis of a concave mirror of focal length 12 cm towards it. When its distance from the mirror is 20 cm its velocity is 4 cm/s .

The velocity of the image in cm/s at that instant is

- (A) 6 , towards the mirror
- (B) 6 , away from the mirror
- (C) 9 , away from the mirror
- (D) 9 , towards the mirror.

Q2 A particle is moving towards a fixed spherical mirror. The image:

- (A) must move away from the mirror
- (B) must move towards the mirror
- (C) may move towards the mirror
- (D) will move towards the mirror, only if the mirror is convex.

Q3 A point object on the principal axis at a distance 15 cm in front of a concave mirror of radius of curvature 20 cm has velocity

2 mm/s perpendicular to the principal axis.

The magnitude of velocity of image at that instant will be:

- (A) 2 mm/s
- (B) 4 mm/s
- (C) 8 mm/s
- (D) 16 mm/s

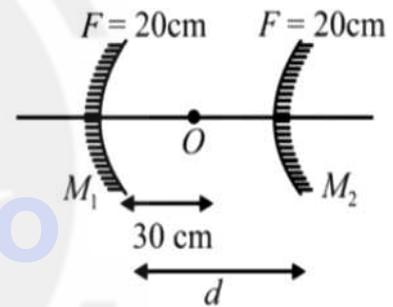
Q4 Which of the following statements is correct?

- i. A convex mirror can form a real image
- ii. A convex mirror can form a virtual image
- iii. A concave mirror can form a real image

iv. A concave mirror can form a virtual image

- (A) i, ii, iii, iv
- (B) ii, iii, iv
- (C) ii, iii
- (D) only iv

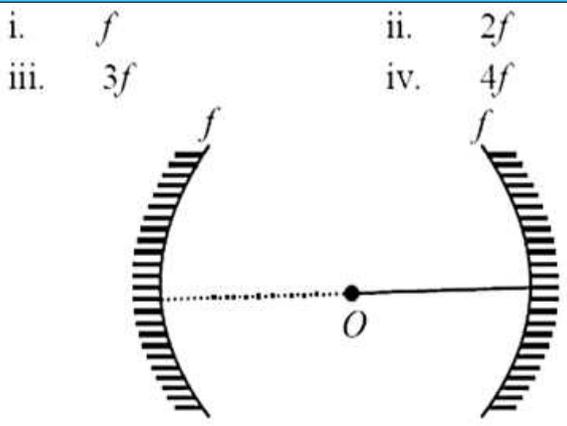
Q5 In the figure shown, O is the object at a distance of 30 cm from M_1 . If the image coincides with the object after two reflections, one from each mirror, find the distance between the two mirrors.



- (A) 40 cm
- (B) 60 cm
- (C) 100 cm
- (D) 50 cm

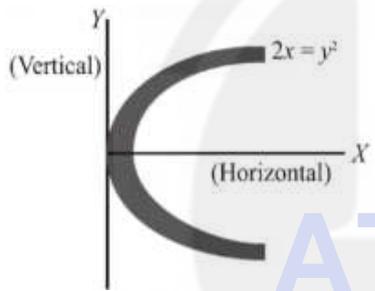
Q6 A point source S is placed midway between two concave mirrors having equal focal lengths f each as shown. The values of d for which the source and its image coincide are:


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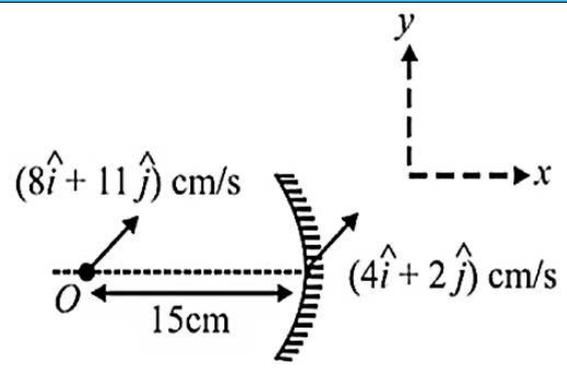
- i. f
 - ii. $2f$
 - iii. $3f$
 - iv. $4f$
- (A) i, ii (B) ii, iii
 (C) ii, iv (D) i, iv

Q7 The reflecting surface is represented by the equation $2x = y^2$ as shown in fig. A ray travelling horizontal becomes vertical after reflection. The co-ordinates of the point of incidence are :



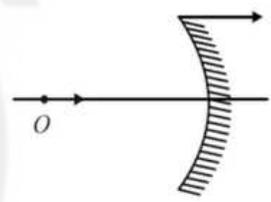
- (A) $(1/2, 1)$
 (B) $(1, 1/2)$
 (C) $(1/2, 1/2)$
 (D) $(3/2, 2)$

Q8 A point object is located at a distance 15 cm. from the pole of a concave mirror of focal length 10 cm on its principal axis is moving with a velocity $(8\hat{i} + 11\hat{j})$ cm/s and velocity of mirror is $(4\hat{i} + 2\hat{j})$ cm/s as shown. If \vec{v} is the velocity of image. Then find the value of $|\vec{v}|$ in (cm/s).



- (A) 24 (B) 30
 (C) 10 (D) 40

Q9 An object kept on the principle axis is moving in the same directions as that of mirror as shown in figure. Speed of object and mirror is 10 m/s and $\frac{40}{13}$ m/s. Radius of the curvature of the mirror is 20 cm. What should be the distance of object from the mirror at this instant so that the image is stationary?



- (A) 25 cm
 (B) 45 cm
 (C) 37.5 cm
 (D) 15 cm



Answer Key

Q1 C
Q2 C, D
Q3 B
Q4 A
Q5 D

Q6 C
Q7 A
Q8 A
Q9 A



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